

# ASSESSING THE IMPACT OF WILDFIRES ON THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRICITY GRID

Energy Commission Study: CCCA4-CEC-2018-002  
August 2018  
California's Fourth Climate Change Assessment

Larry Dale, Michael Carnall, Max Wei  
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory  
Gary Fitts, Greenware Technologies  
Sarah Lewis MacDonald, Envision Geo

# Methods & Data



	Historical 2000 - 2016	Projected 2010 - 2050
<b>Statewide</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collect historical wildfire location and impact data (FRAP and REDBOOK)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Map projected wildfire risk by location statewide (UC Merced wildfire model, Leroy Westerling)</li> </ul>
<b>Transmission</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify major transmission paths (WECC and CEC) and analyze historic wildfire impacts.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculate wildfire risk along existing transmission paths and several prospective transmission paths.</li> <li>Estimate wildfire costs with a grid power flow model (PLEXOS).</li> </ul>
<b>Distribution</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use the wildland-urban interface (WUI) as a proxy for distribution.</li> <li>Analyze distribution damage and replacement cost (CPUC wildfire reimbursement claims).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Project the growth of WUI areas (USGS Land Use model, Ben Sleeter), and calculate exposure to wildfire.</li> <li>Project future wildfire costs to distribution (historical damage and replacement cost).</li> </ul>

# We focused on selected parts of the transmission and distribution grid

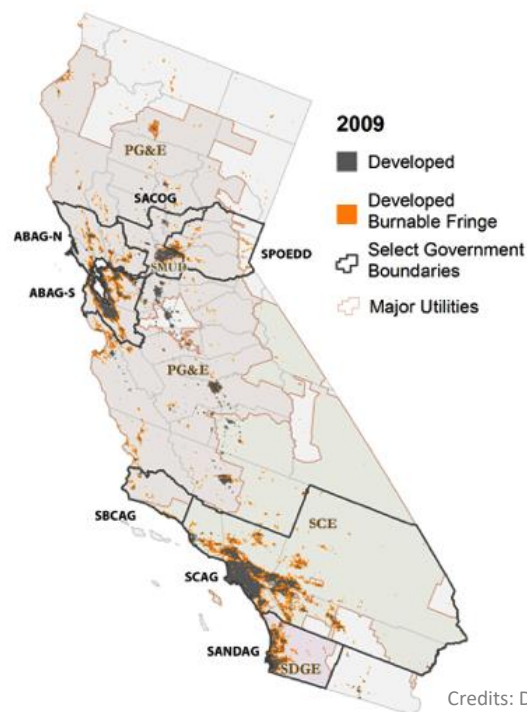
## Transmission Paths



Credits: Dale et al. 2018.; CEC; WECC  
Envision Geo

Impact of 351 historical wildfires approaching these paths.

## Developed “Fringe” Areas



Credits: Dale et al. 2018.; USGS  
Envision Geo

Impact of 236 historical wildfires approaching these fringe areas.

# Sample transmission path fire history (2000-2016)

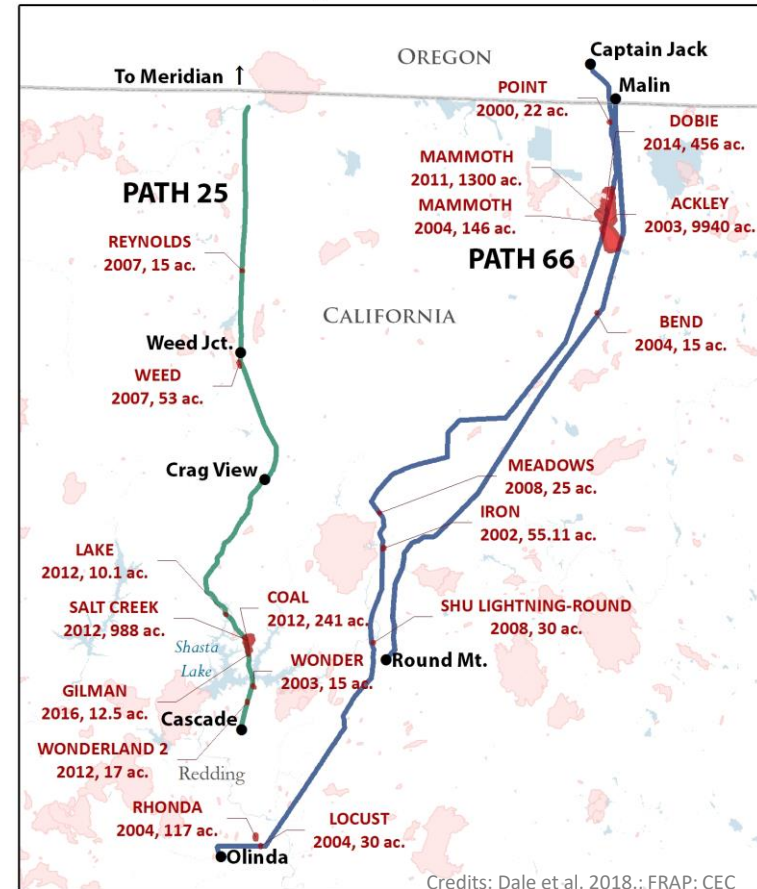
## Path 25 (Meridian-Cascade)

Single 115kv line  
6 Fires Within 0.25 mi

## Path 66 (Malin-Round Mountain)

Three 500kv lines  
11 Fires Within 0.25 mi

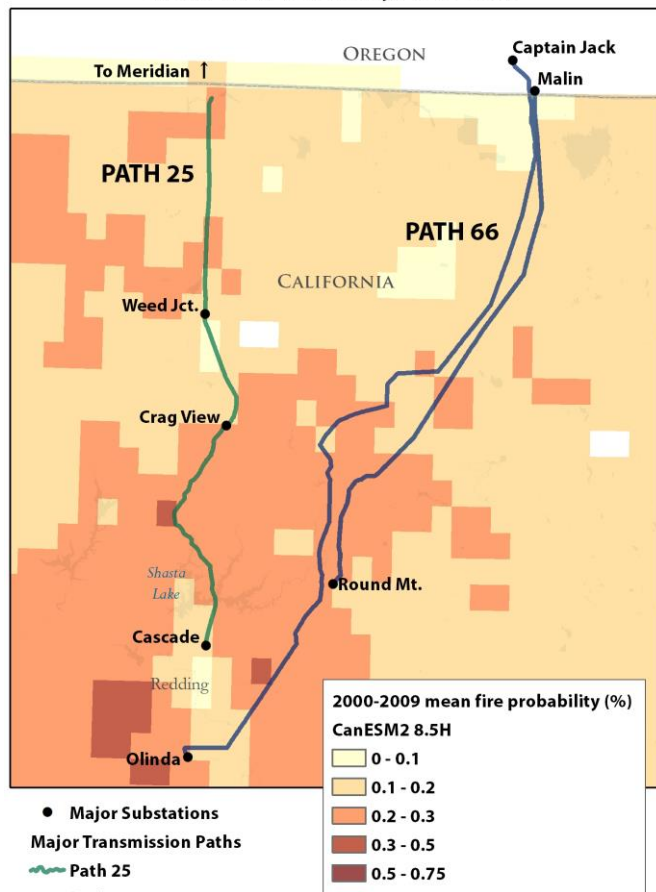
Transmission Paths 25 & 66  
Nearby Fires 2000-2016



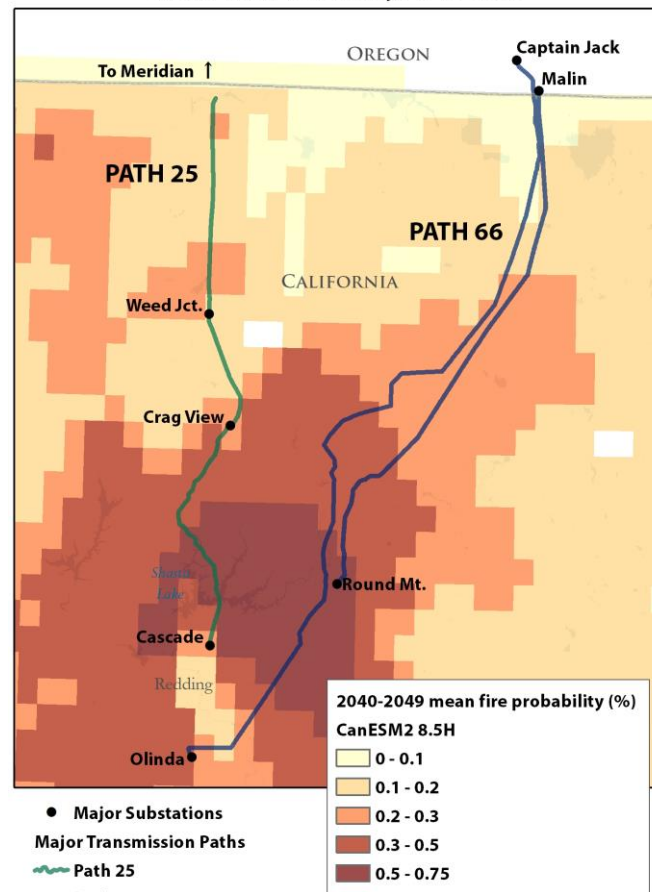
# Projected rise in path fire exposure



**Transmission Paths 25 & 66  
Mean Fire Probability 2000-2009**



**Transmission Paths 25 & 66  
Mean Fire Probability 2040-2049**



Credits: Dale et al. 2018.; Westerling et al.; CEC  
Envision Geo

# Determine path impacts of 351 fires 2000-2016

Unofficial CAISO Rating System



## Transmission Impact Severity Level

		1	2	3	4	5
	Number of Fires	Low Impact	Small line impact	Medium Impact	Large Impact	Very Large Impact
		No CAISO action	Local Impact	Change Dispatch	Large Outage, Re-Dispatch	System Wide Threat
Numbered WECC Paths	125	69%	2%	15%	13%	2%
Other Transmission Paths	226	78%	3%	11%	2%	0%

- Most had no impact
- A few had very large impacts

# Modeled costs of impacts

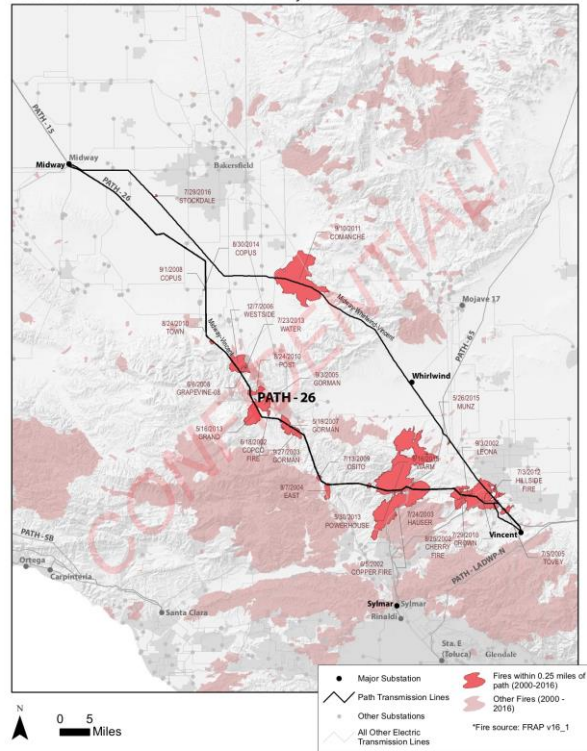
PLEXOS (TEPPC 2020 database)



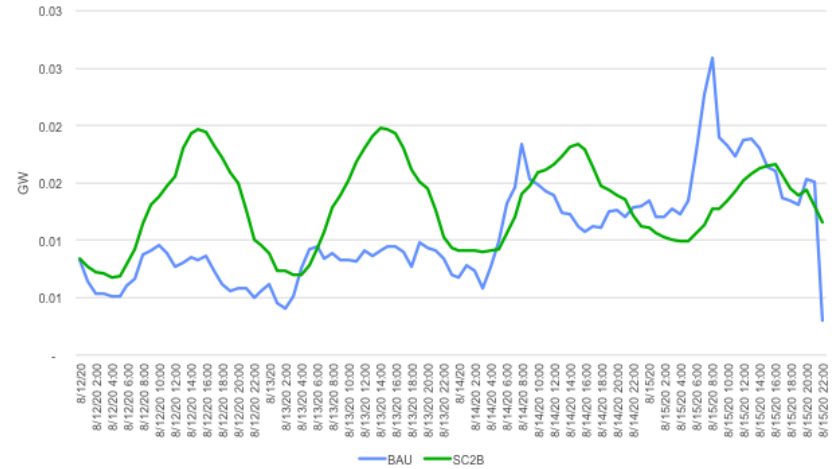
## Path 26 Example

### Path 26 (NorCal-SoCal)

2000-2016 Fires within 0.25 miles of a Major Path



## Higher SCE generation costs during event

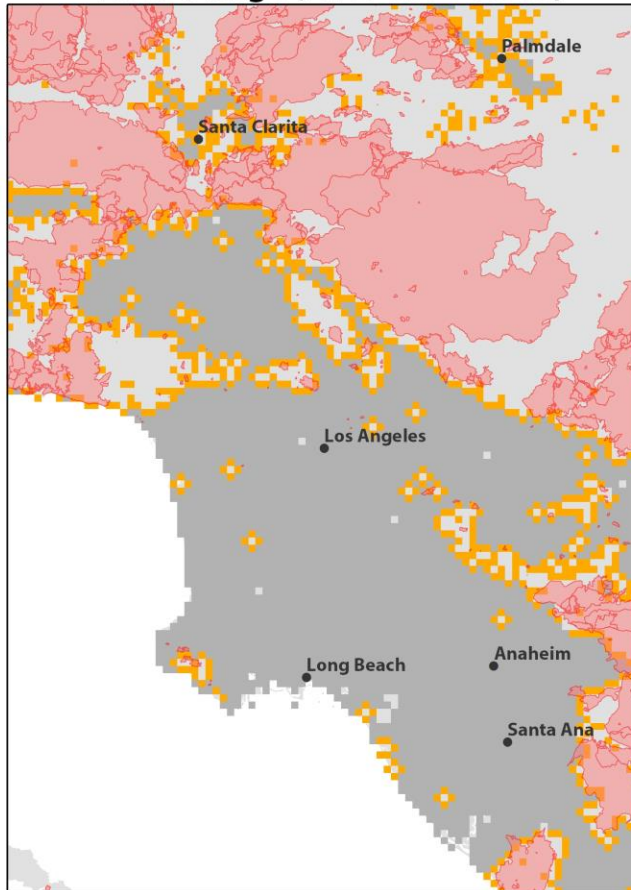


Credits: Dale et al. 2018.; FRAP; CEC  
Envision Geo

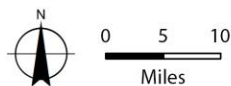
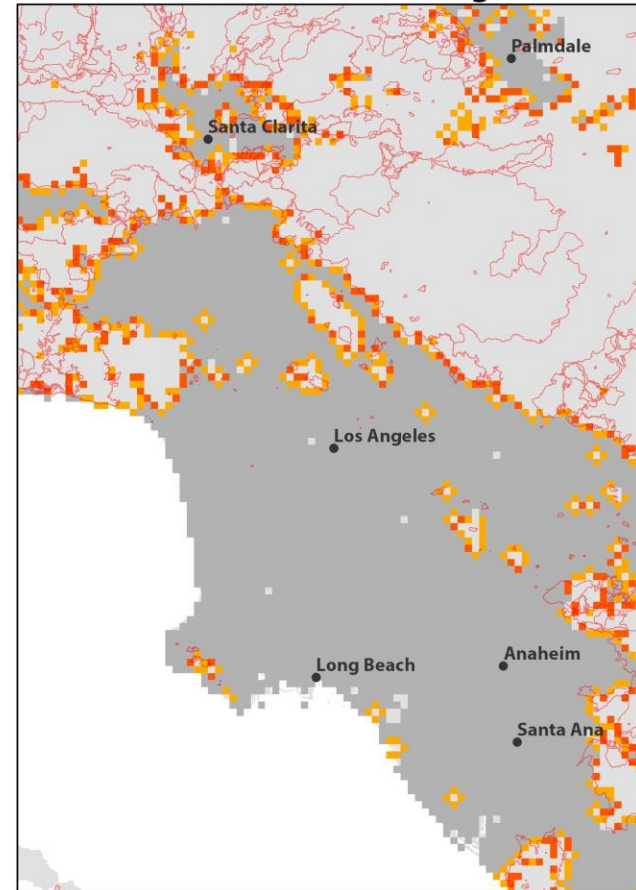
Total estimate: \$40-\$100 million annual  
all utilities

# Identified distribution area fire history (LA Basin)

## 2009 Fringe (Fires 1990-2016)



## 2049 Burnable Fringe



 Fires 1990-2016  
 Developed Area

 2009 Developed Burnable Fringe  
 2049 New Developed Burnable Fringe

Credits: Dale et al.; USGS; FRAP  
Envision Geo



# Determined area impacts of 360 fires

function of area burned



		Low	Medium	High	Severe	Catastrophic
	Number fires evaluated	No Fringe Burned	Partial Fringe Cell	Between 2-5 Fringe Cells	Between 6-10 Fringe Cells	Over 10 Fringe Cells
<b>State</b>	360	66%	10%	16%	4%	5%
<b>Northern California</b>	103	84%	5%	9%	2%	0%
<b>Southern California</b>	257	58%	12%	18%	5%	7%

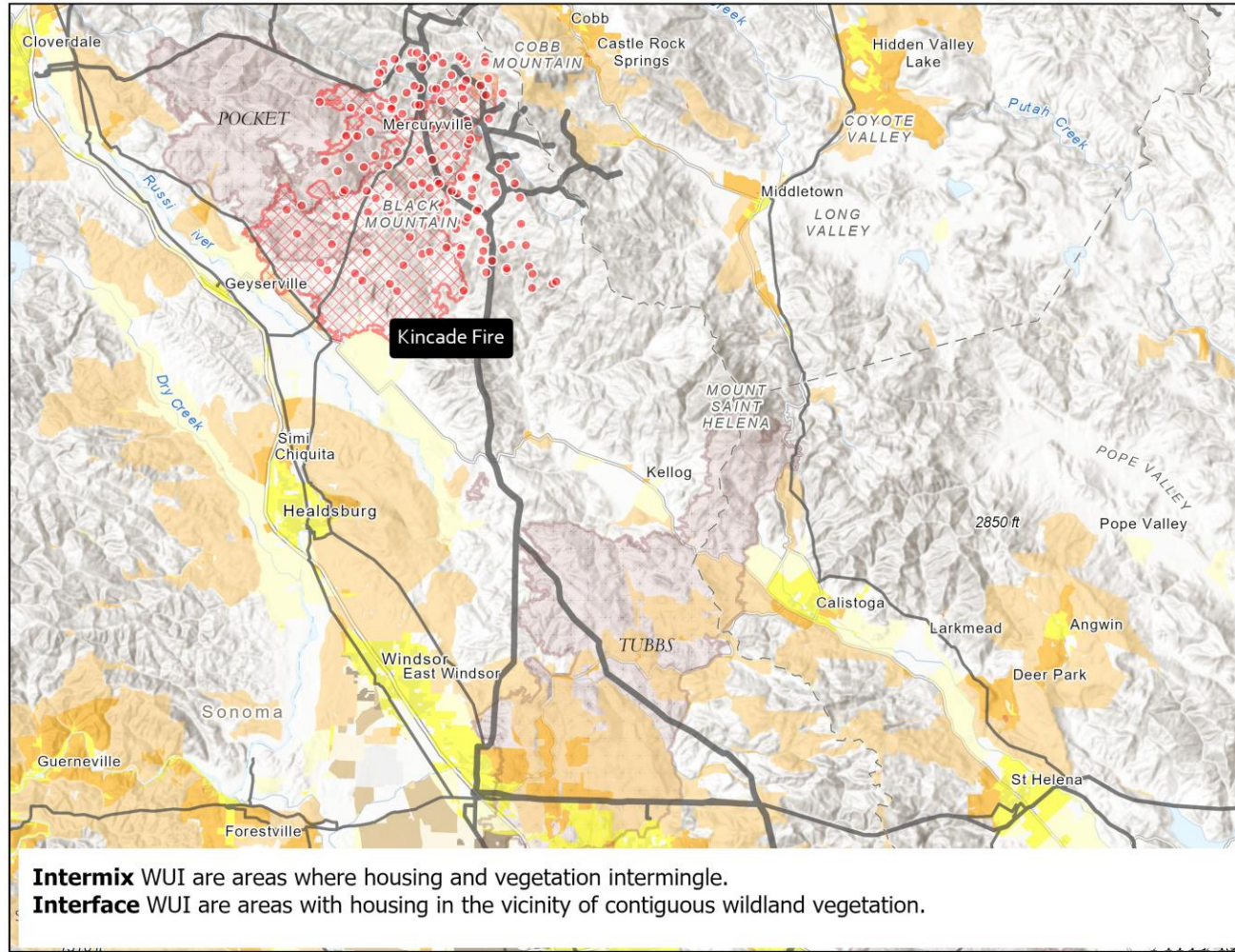
**Most fires had no impacts on fringe areas.  
A few had major impacts.**

Source: GIS analysis applied to wildfire fringe data set (Cal Fire 2001-2016)

# Further WUI Analysis



**Kincadee Fire, Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) & Major Transmission Paths**



**Intermix** WUI are areas where housing and vegetation intermingle.  
**Interface** WUI are areas with housing in the vicinity of contiguous wildland vegetation.

WUI  
 Intermix,  
 Interface,  
 Density

- MODIS Thermal (Last 48 hours)
- ☒ Active perimeter
- 2017 North Bay Fire Perimeters
- WUI CLASS 2010
- High Dens Interface
- Med Dens Interface
- Low Dens Interface
- High Dens Intermix
- Med Dens Intermix
- Low Dens Intermix
- High Dens NoVeg
- Low Dens No Veg
- Med Dens NoVeg
- Transmission Line
- Major Path

EnvisionGeo.com

0 5 Miles

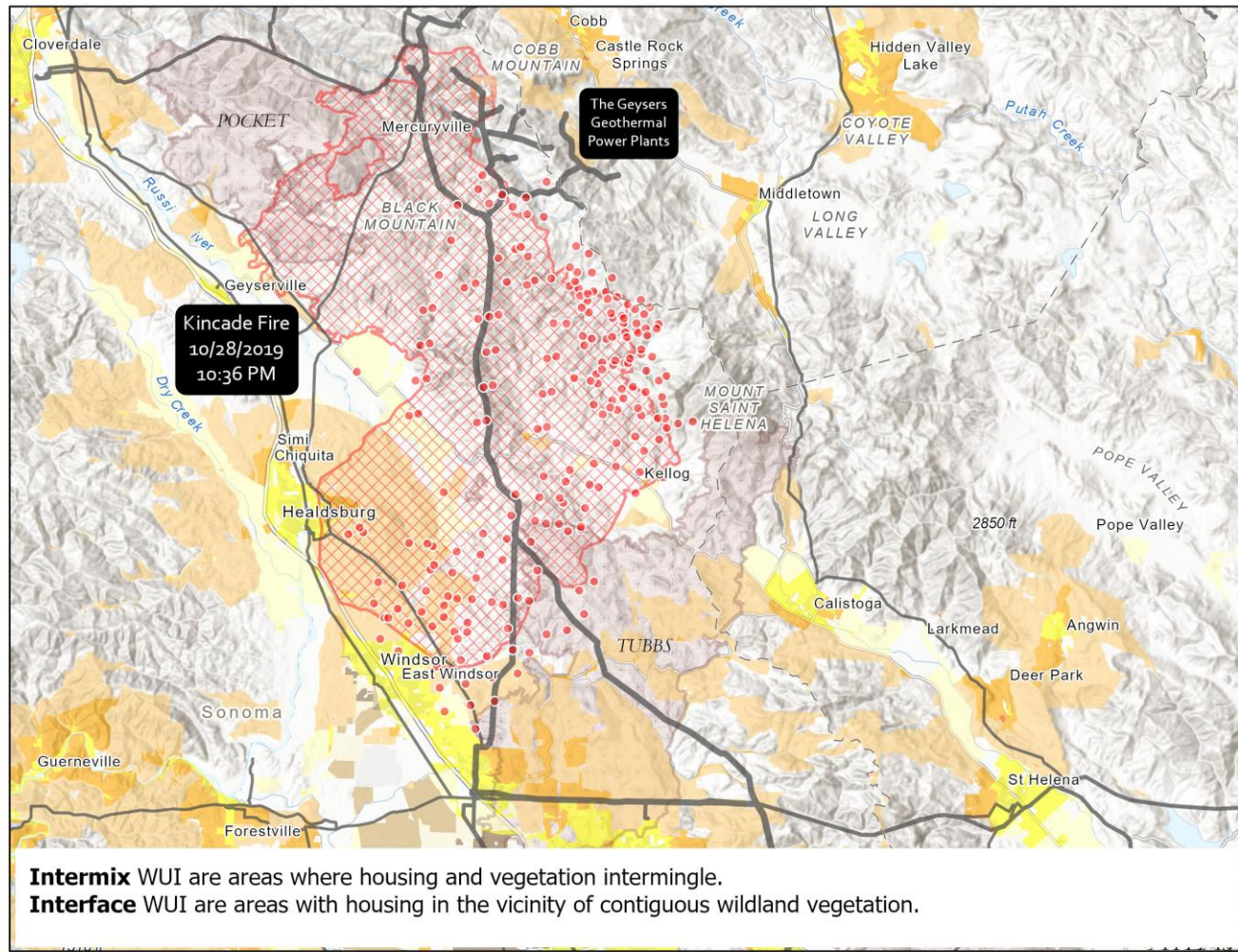
Sources: Silvis; CEC; Dale et al.; MODIS

Credit:  
 Envision Geo

# Further WUI Analysis



## Kincadee Fire, Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) & Major Transmission Paths



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Intermix,  
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Credit:  
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EnvisionGeo.com

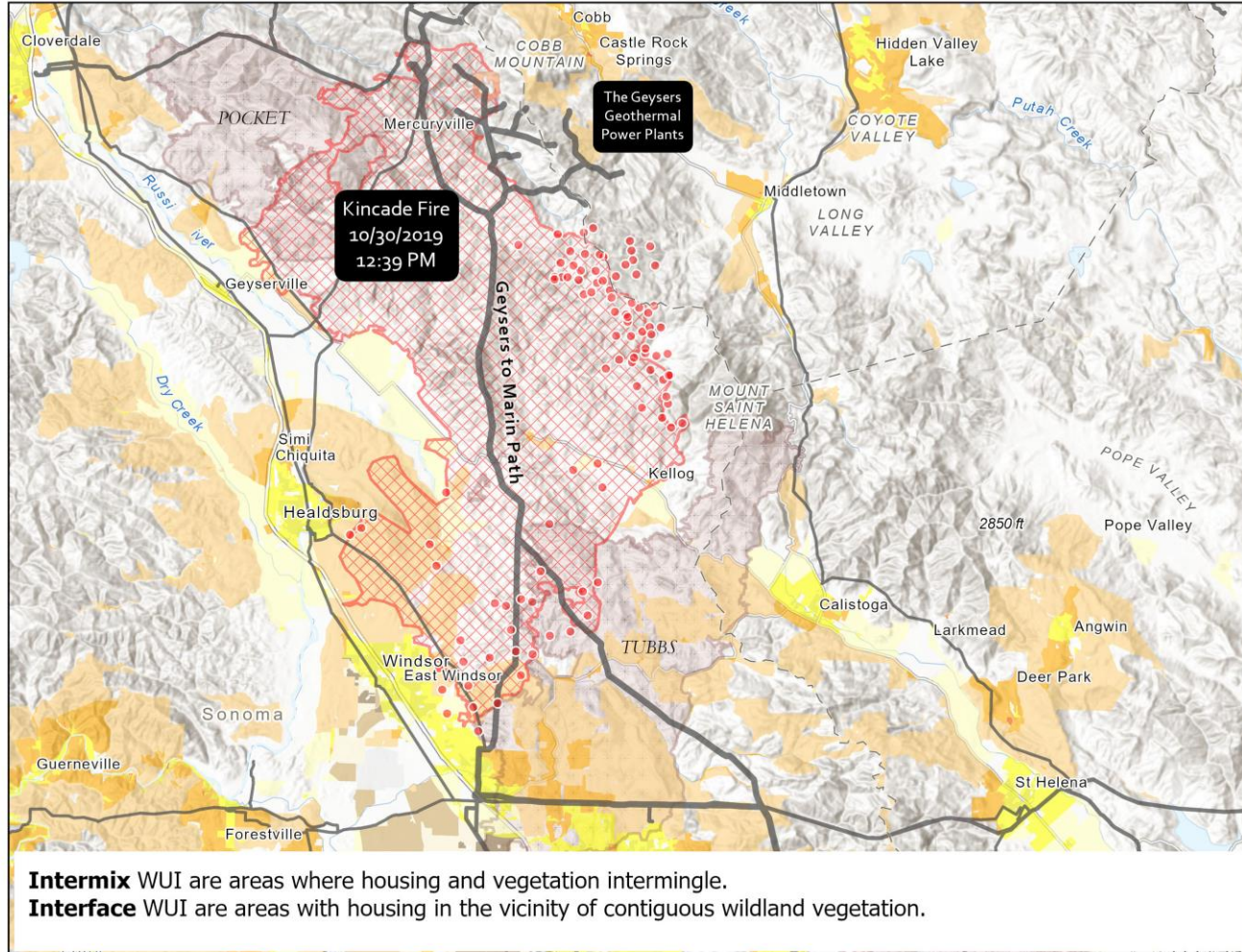


Sources: Silvis; CEC; Dale et al.; MODIS

# Further WUI Analysis



## Kincade Fire, Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) & Major Transmission Paths



WUI  
Intermix,  
Interface,  
Density

Credit:  
Envision Geo



# These methods have current value



2000-2009

2040-2049

CANESM2  
RCP 8.5

Decadal Fire Probability

~ Major Transmission Path

~ Alternate Path

0 - 0.05

0.05 - 0.1

0.1 - 0.2

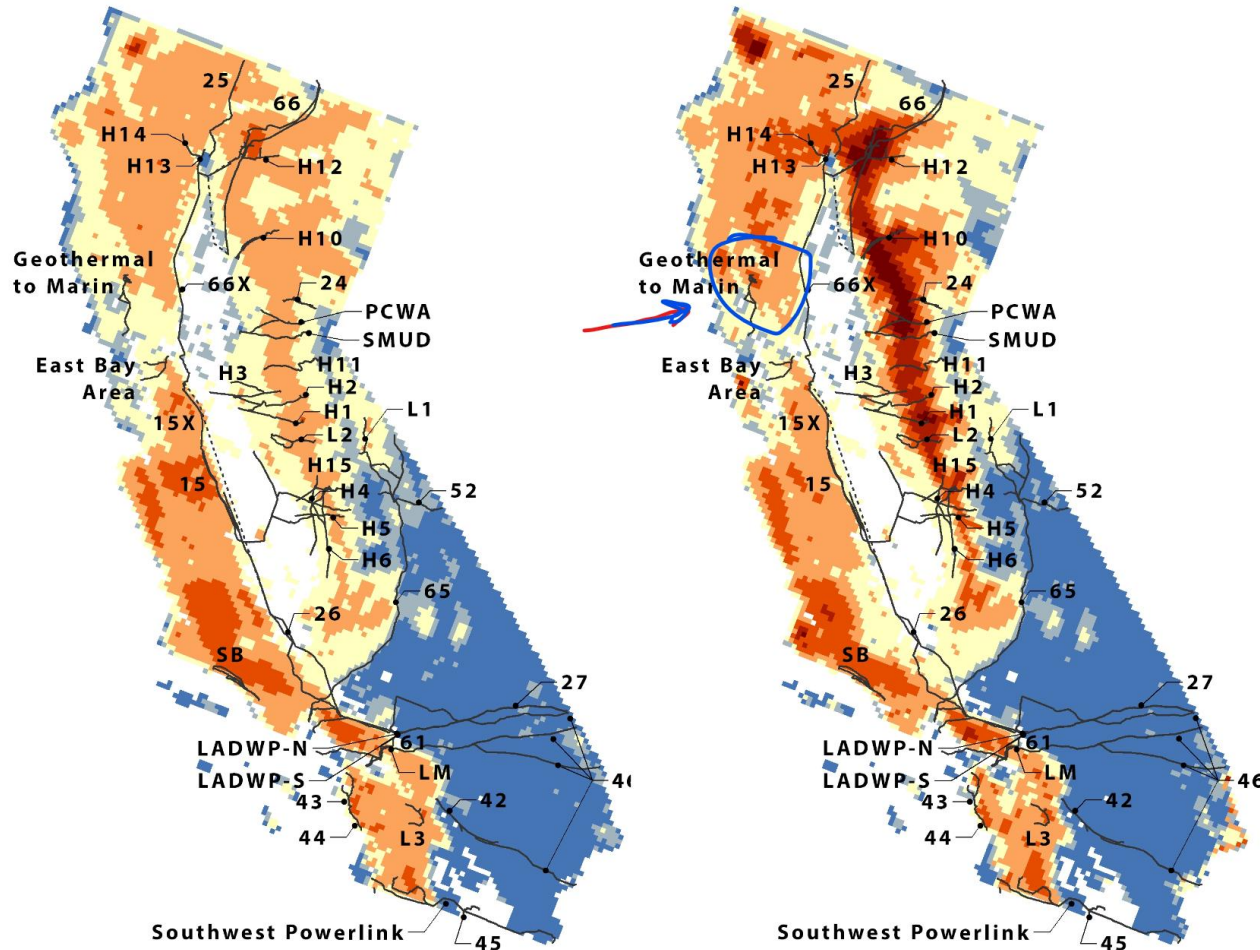
0.2 - 0.3

0.3 - 0.4

0.4 - 0.5

0.5 - 0.8

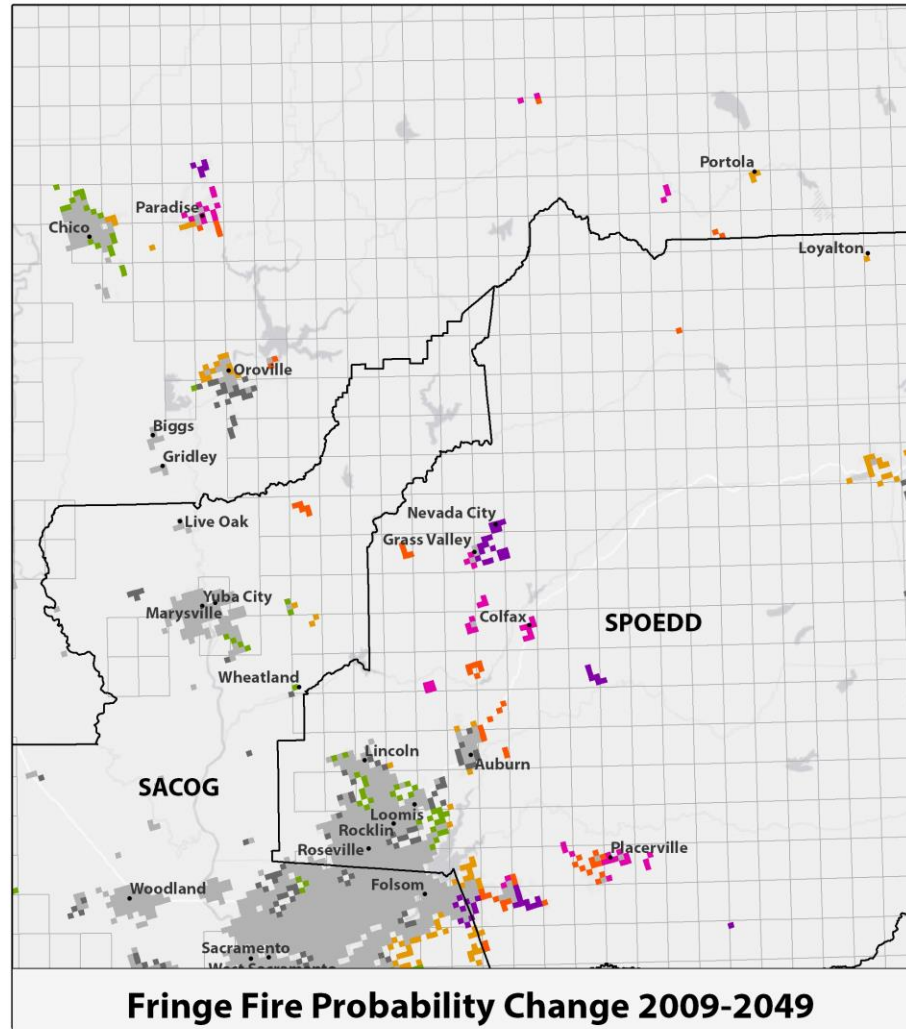
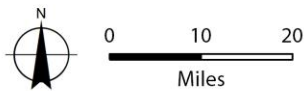
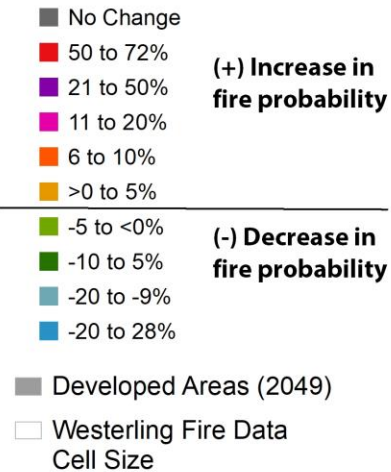
\*Probability that there will be one or more fires in that cell during the decade



# Last year's risk assessment

## WUI fire risk assessment

### Changes in Fire Probability to Developed Fringe Areas 2009 to 2049



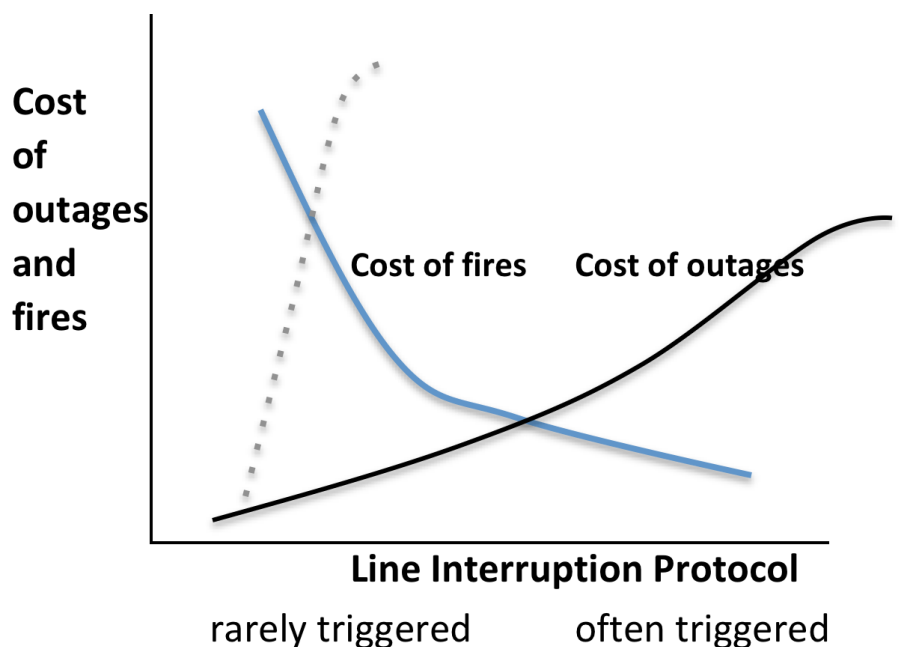
## Transmission

- Minimize transmission
  - Micro grids
- Move transmission
  - Underground lines
  - Move lines to lower risk paths
    - WECC transmission capacity is often concentrated in high risk areas.
- De-energize transmission

## Distribution

- Minimize fringe distribution
  - Encourage urban infill, limit sprawl
- Move distribution
  - Underground lines
  - Move lines
    - Particularly in WUI areas
    - Zoning
- De-energize distribution

- Tradeoff between fires and power interruptions
  - How costly are outages?
- UCSB, LBNL LLNL UCSD UCB proposal
- Data needs
  - Wind data
  - grid interruption costs





# More Info



## Technical Reports

[California Energy Commission 4th Climate Assessment](#)

## Wildfire

[Assessing the Impact of Wildfire on California's Electricity Grid](#)

## Climate

[Risk To California Energy Infrastructure From Climate Change](#)

## Insurance

[Impact Of Changing Wildfire Risk On California's Residential Insurance Market](#)



# Lesley K. McAllister Symposium on Climate and Energy Law

## The Impacts of Wildfires

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- Brian D'Agostino, Director – Fire Science & Climate Adaptation, SDG&E

- November 8, 2019

# Executive Summary

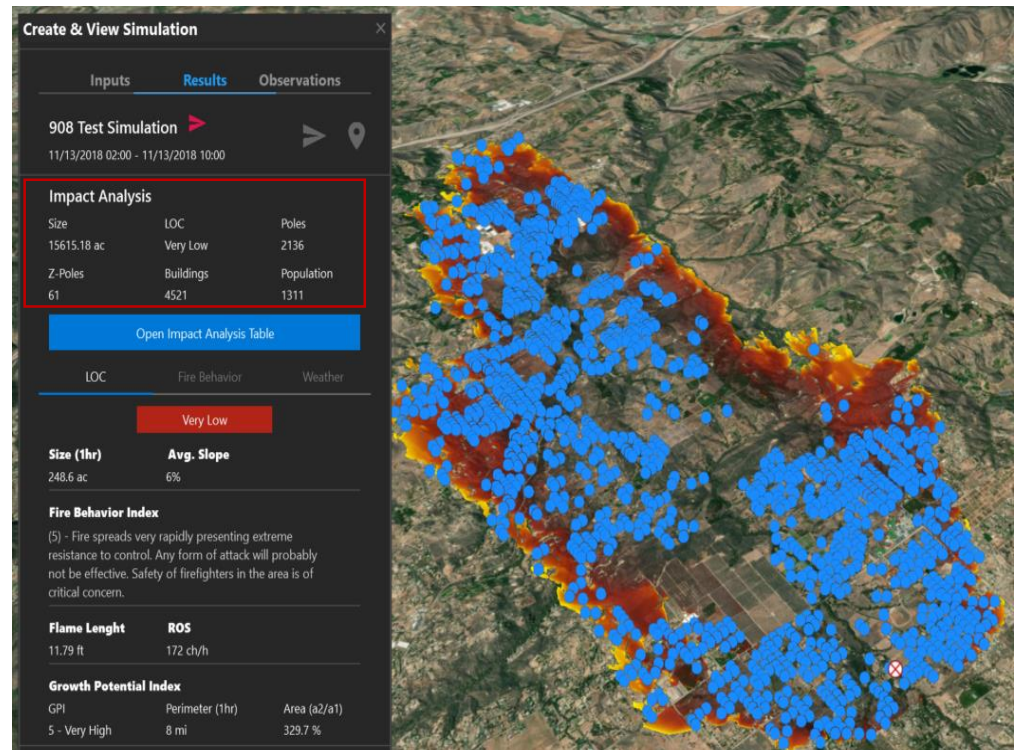
The purpose of this presentation is to provide an overview of SDG&E's enhancements since last fire season that will help provide community resilience and mitigate wildfire risk and improve community and stakeholder awareness

- Significant work has occurred in the implementation of SDG&E's Wildfire Mitigation Plan
- New tools to enhance operational decision making
  - Weather technology enhancements
  - New vegetation risk index
  - New inspection technology
- Additional hardening programs have been implemented
- Enhanced stakeholder awareness events and customer notifications

# Weather Technology Enhancements

*SDG&E continues to integrate big data, artificial intelligence and advanced analytics into meteorological operations through the analysis of additional data including tree trimming records and outage history*

- Weather network is being upgraded to install additional stations in the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) and enable 30-second data to support emergency operations
- SDG&E's fire behavior models have been synched with census data to further define the highest risk areas with respect to population density and structures
- SDG&E's Fire Potential Index has been upgraded to include more granular weather data from internal super computing program



# Improved Operational Decision Making Tools

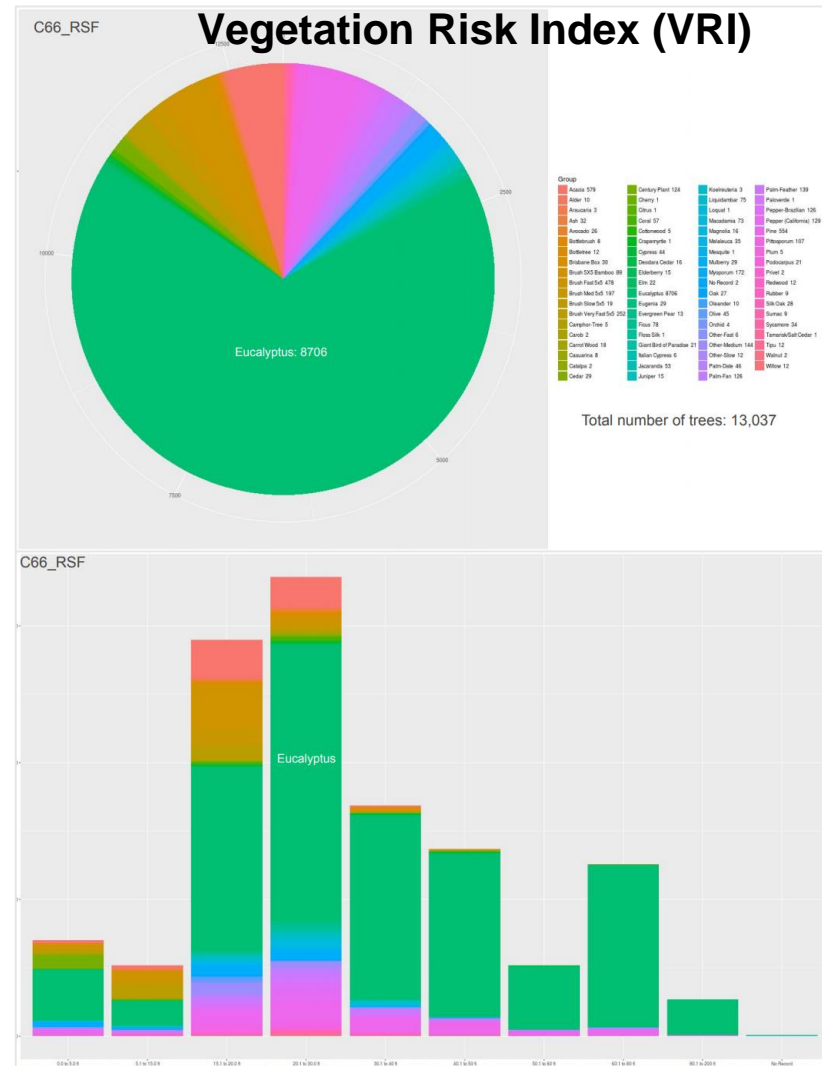
*SDG&E's Fire Scientists and Vegetation Managers have developed a new Vegetation Risk Index (VRI) to support decision making and improve operations during periods of high fire danger*

- The new tool quantifies the risk associated with vegetation by analyzing:

- Total number of trees in the vicinity of a circuit
- Height of trees
- Tree species
- Historical tree related outages

- Key benefits:

- Assist in operational decisions during fire weather events
- Prioritize vegetation management efforts
- Enable more data-driven enhanced vegetation management program

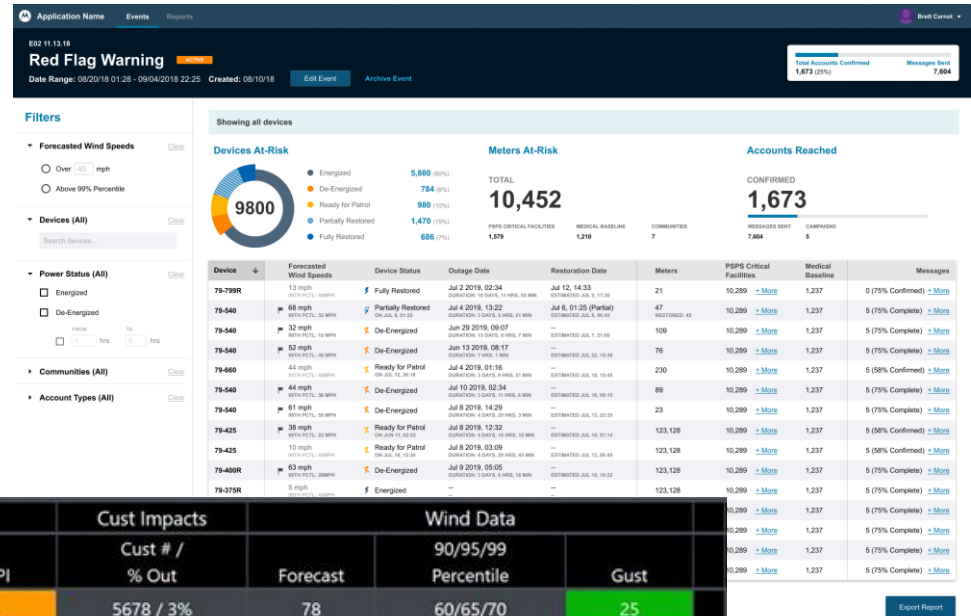


# Improved Operational Decision Making Tools

Upgraded Situational Awareness Dashboards have been developed to support decision making

- Situational Awareness Dashboards include:

- Circuit-level vegetation risk
- Historical wind information including the identification of the 95th and 99th percentile wind speeds
- Customer communication analytics



Anemometer	ID Data			Sub/Dist/FPI	Cust Impacts		Wind Data	
	VRI	Circuit	Tie Line		Cust # / % Out	Forecast	90/95/99 Percentile	Gust
Santa Ysabel North	X	220,221,222	625	ST/NE/14	5678 / 3%	78	60/65/70	25
School House Canyon	X	67,68,69	625	ST/NE/14	5678 / 3%	78	60/65/70	25
West Rancho Bernardo	N	220,221,222	625	ST/NE/14	5678 / 3%	78	60/65/70	25
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# New Infrastructure Hardening Programs

*Infrastructure enhancements will reduce the risk of catastrophic wildfires*

## Pole Risk Mitigation + Engineering (PRiME)

- Documented pole loading calculations for all poles in SDG&E's service territory (starting in HFTD)
- Leverages improved methodologies including LiDAR<sup>(1)</sup> imaging, PLS-CADD<sup>(2)</sup> modeling software, and weather data to perform pole loading assessments of SDG&E's service territory
- Poles requiring construction activities will be remediated as they are identified
- The team replaced over 375 poles in 2019<sup>(3)</sup> and plans to remediate ~700 by year-end
- Additional ~1,700 poles targeted in 2020

1) Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR)

2) Power Line Systems – Computer Aided Design and Drafting (PLS-CADD)

3) As of June 2019

## Wire Safety Enhancement (WiSE)

- Targeted replacement of small conductor in the Wildland Urban Interface and coastal canyon areas
- Rebuilding overhead infrastructure to fire hardened construction standards
- 9 circuits targeted in 2019



**SDGE**

A Sempra Energy utility

# Increased Stakeholder Awareness

*SDG&E has conducted several community events to promote wildfire preparedness, resiliency and safety*

- **Open Houses** | Six events across high risk fire areas to educate customers and promote community preparedness
- **Wildfire Resiliency Fairs** | Three events with several community partners :
  - Feeding San Diego
  - Fire Safe Councils
  - SD County Animal Services
  - San Diego Food Bank
  - SD Humane Society
  - Sheriff Departments
  - Sunrise Power Link Grant Program (Alpine Fair)
  - 2-1-1 San Diego
  - American Red Cross
  - Cal-Fire
  - California Highway Patrol
  - Community Emergency Response Team
  - Cleveland National Forest
  - County OES<sup>(1)</sup>
- **Operation Fire Safe** | A company and community-wide event to enhance wildfire preparedness will take place August 7



1) San Diego County Office of Emergency Services (County OES)



# Customer Notifications

*New requirements have been incorporated into processes and technologies*

## Notifications for the following audiences:

- Affected Customers
- Access and Functional Needs (AFN) Populations
- Critical Businesses + Utilities
- Public Safety Partners + First Responders
- Cal OES<sup>(1)</sup>, Cal FIRE + CPUC<sup>(2)</sup>

## SDG&E Website

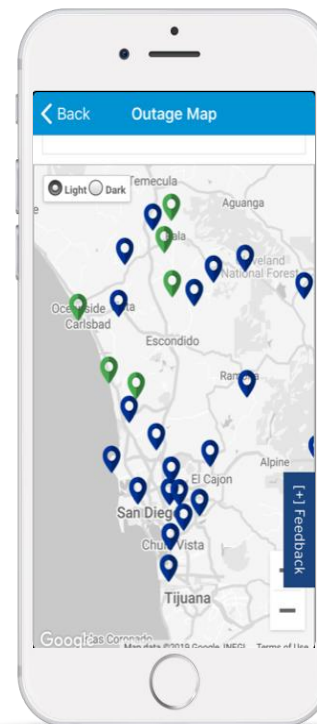
- Public Safety Power Shutoff dedicated web page during events

## Communication Channels in Multiple Languages

- Email
- Text
- Phone

## Joint IOU Message Coordination with Cal OES<sup>(1)</sup>

- Direct GIS feed made available sharing PSPS information with Cal OES<sup>(1)</sup>



Outage notifications delivered in 8 languages

- English
- Vietnamese
- Mandarin
- Tagalog
- Cantonese
- Spanish
- Korean
- Russian



1) California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES)

2) California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC)