

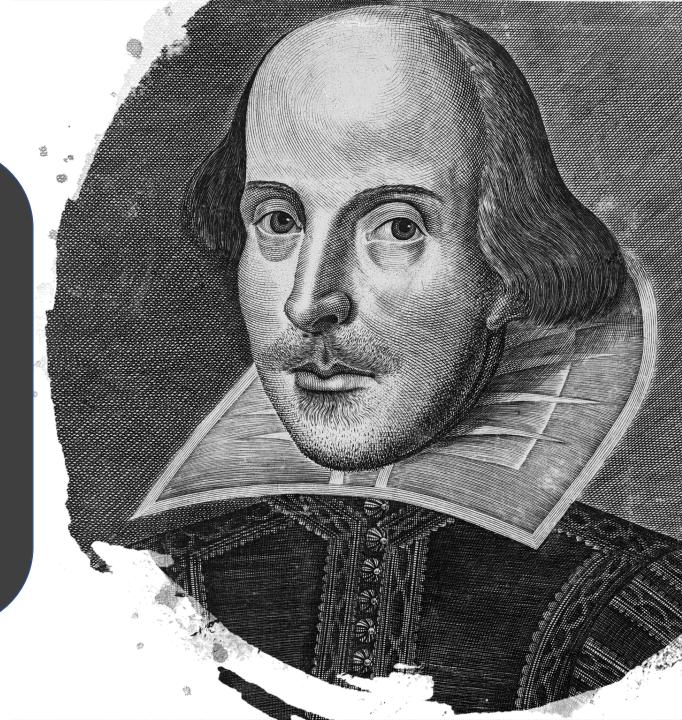
O Strategy, Strategy, wherefore art thou Strategy?

Lyn Corbett, University of San Diego

William Shakespeare

Introduce Yourself

- 1. Name
- 2. Organization
- 3. Your Strategic Challenge



LEARNING OBJECTIEVESen outside of the formal strategic planning process



- 2. Identify tools and practices of good strategy and learn how to implement them in your organization
- 3. Be introduced to an alternative approach to the traditional strategic planning process



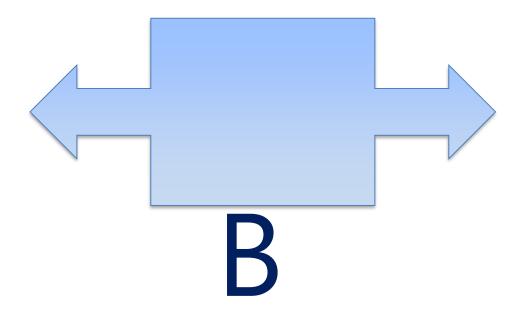
Strategy is a coordinated set of actions aimed at creating and sustaining a competitive advantage in carrying out the nonprofit mission.

-David La Piana

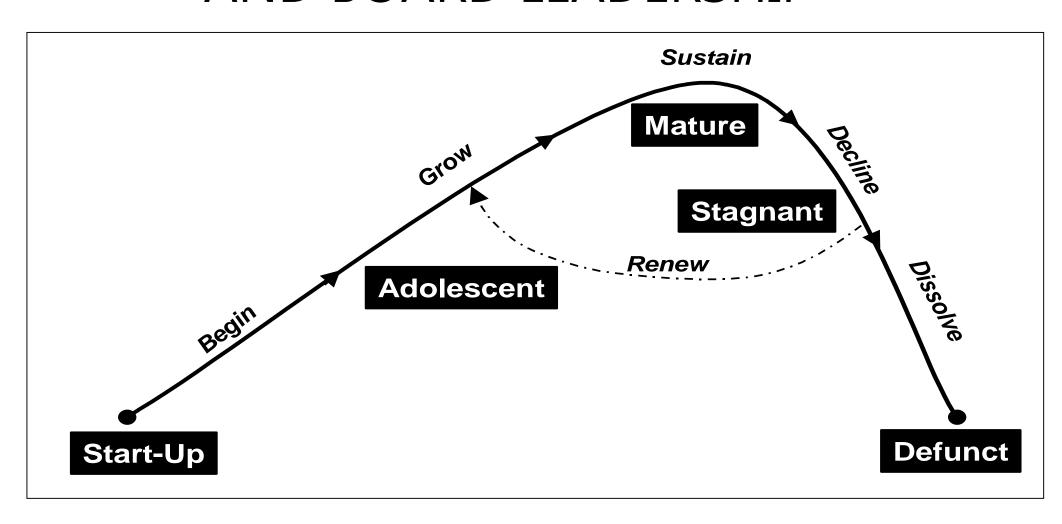
The Nonprofit Strategy Revolution



THE BASIC STRATEGY MODEL



ORGANIZATIONAL LIFECYCLES AND BOARD LEADERSHIP

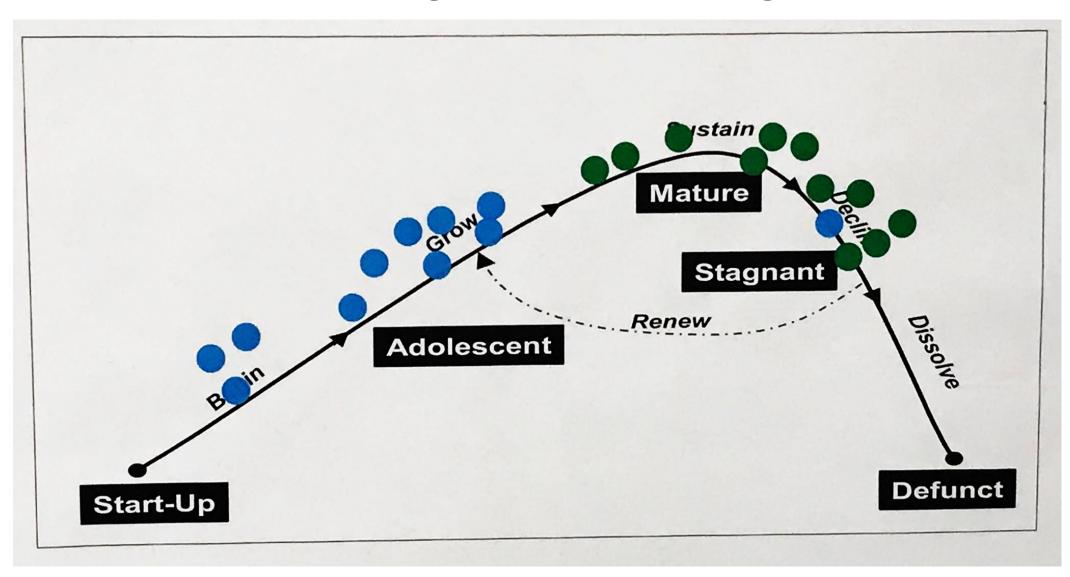




"Even if you are on the right track, you'll get run over if you just sit there."

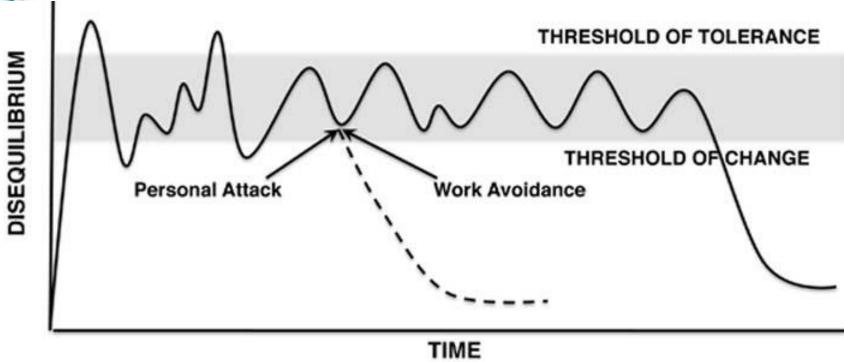
Will Rogers (1879 – 1946), American actor and comedian

ORGANIZATIONAL LIFECYCLES AND BOARD LEADERSHIP





Adaptive Learning



Source: Heifetz & Linsky: <u>Leadership on the Line</u>, 2002

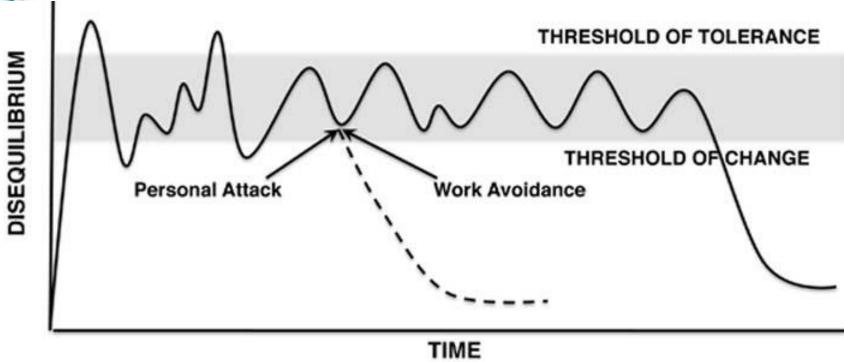


Culture of Inquiry Checklist

- Questions are welcomed
- ☐ Differing viewpoints are encouraged
- ☐ Unwritten rules are explained
- ☐ Timely information exchanges
- Open communication
- ☐ Actively seek different viewpoints
- ☐ Tolerate ambiguity
- ☐ Brainstorm silently and openly
- Consult outsiders
- Search widely for information



Adaptive Learning



Source: Heifetz & Linsky: <u>Leadership on the Line</u>, 2002



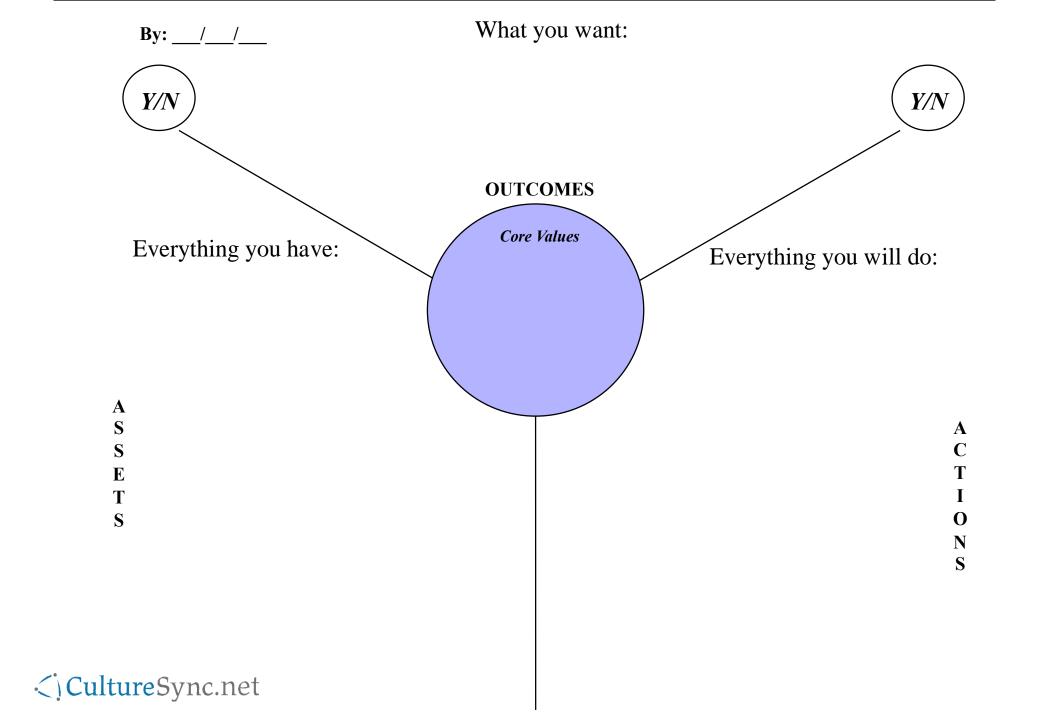
90 Day Micro Strategy Model

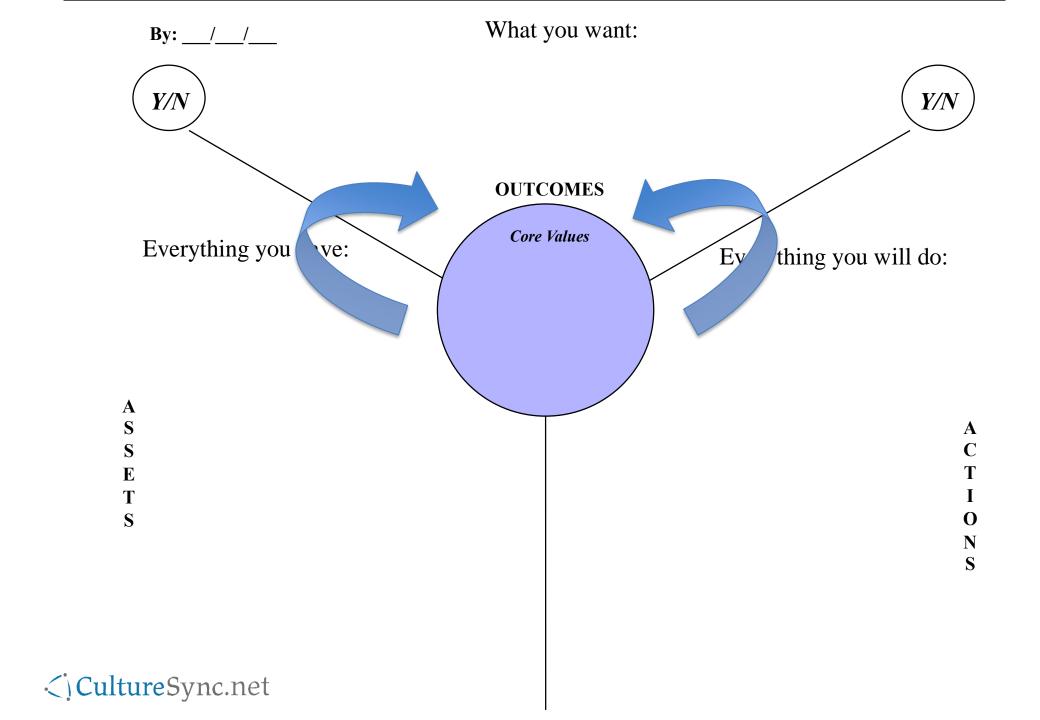




MICRO STRATEGY

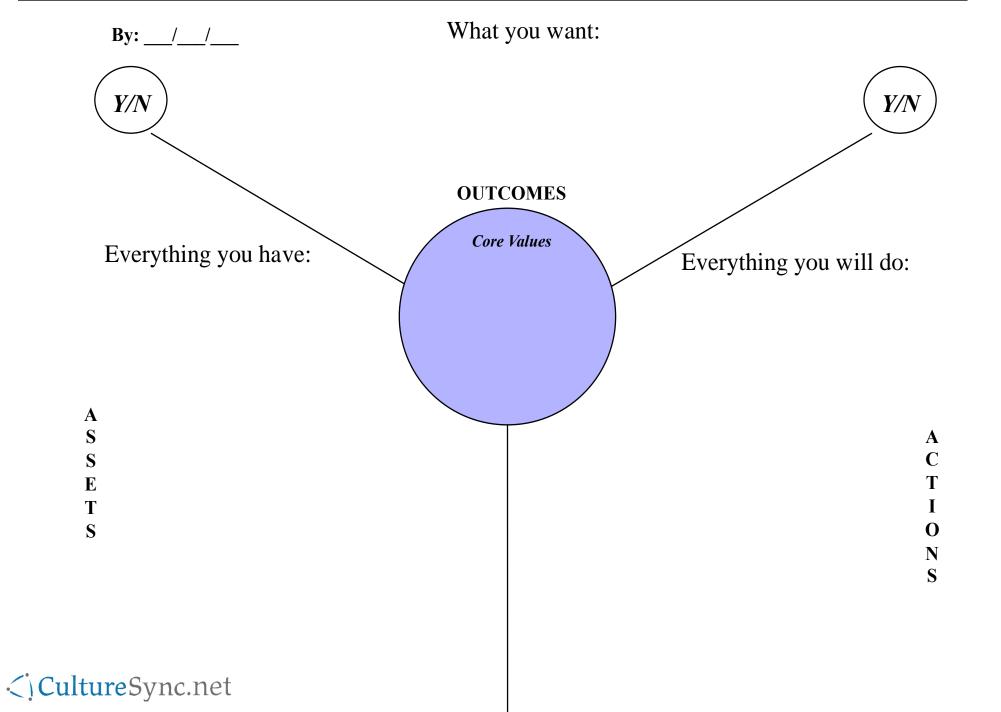
Y/N	2
CORE VALUES	••
LIST EVERYTHING YOU HAVE LIST EVERYTHING YOU	U WILL DO
SETS	ACTIO
ASS	SNOI





By: 6 /12/ 13 What you want: *Y/N Y/N* Increase the number of individual donations by 40% Do you have enough Will Your Actions **OUTCOMES** assets to meet your **Accomplish Your** outcome? Outcomes? Core Values Everything you have: Everything you will do: Mexican Heritage Determination Collaboration Integrity Commitment **Conduct Board Assessment** Network of Relationships Identify 5 new Board Members Available Budget Create list of current and past A **Available Space** supporters Mexican connections Develop List of Current Vendors **Strong Parental Base** Identify 10 Businesses in Instructors 0 surrounding community Consultants Develop 2 Mechanisms of Giving Calendar of Events **Conduct Participant Assessment Host 2 Friendraisers**

CultureSync.net



Strategic Planning

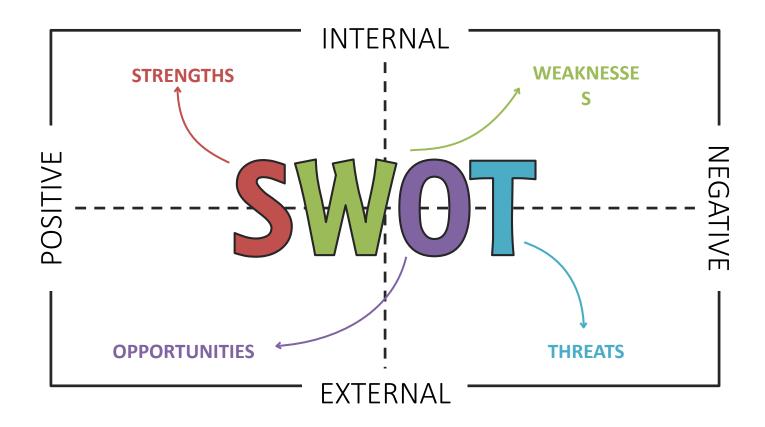




Strategic planning focuses on establishing your organizational direction, setting priorities and identifying obstacles and opportunities that may limit or enable your to carry out its mission.

SWOT Analysis

A SWOT analysis is a process used to scan the internal and external environments in which your organization operates. **SWOT** stands for **S**trengths **W**eaknesses **O**pportunities **T**hreats. Use this diagram to conduct a SWOT analysis.



Strengths

- Advantages of proposition?
- Capabilities?
 Competitive advantages?
 USP's (unique selling points)?
- Resources, Assets, People?
- Experience, knowledge, data?
- Financial reserves, likely returns?
- Marketing reach, distribution, awareness?
- Innovative aspects?

- Location and geographical?
- Price, value, quality?
- Accreditations, qualifications, certifications?
- Processes, systems, IT, communications?
- Cultural, attitudinal, behavioral?
- Management, succession?
- Philosophy and values?

Weaknesses

Disadvantages of proposition?

Gaps in capabilities?

Lack of competitive strength?

Reputation, presence and reach?

Financials?

Own known vulnerabilities?

Timescales, deadlines and pressures?

Cashflow, start-up cash-drain?

Continuity, supply chain

robustness?

Effects on core activities,

distraction?

Reliability of data, plan

predictability?

Morale, commitment,

leadership?

Accreditations, etc?

Processes and systems, etc?

Management cover, succession?

Opportunities

Market developments? Competitors' vulnerabilities? Industry or lifestyle trends? Technology development and innovation? Global influences? New markets, vertical, horizontal? Niche target markets? Geographical, export, import?

New USP's Unique Selling Points)? Tactics: e.g. surprise, major contracts? Business and product development? Information and research? Partnerships, agencies, distribution? Volumes, production, economies? Seasonal, weather, fashion influences?

Threats

Political effects?

Legislative effects?

Environmental effects?

IT developments?

Competitor intentions -

various?

Market demand?

New technologies, services,

ideas?

Vital contracts and partners?

Sustaining internal

capabilities?

Obstacles faced?

Insurmountable weaknesses?

Loss of key staff?

Sustainable financial backing?

Economy - home, abroad?

Seasonality, weather effects?

SOAR- Strengths, Opportunities, Aspirations and Results

Strengths

What can we build on?

Opportunities

What are our stakeholders asking for?

Aspirations

What do we care deeply about?

Results

How do we know we are succeeding?

PEST Analysis





- ecological/environmental current legislation
- future legislation
- international legislation
- regulatory bodies and processes
- government policies
- government term and change
- trading policies
- funding, grants and initiatives
- home market pressure- groups
- international pressure- groups
- wars and conflicts



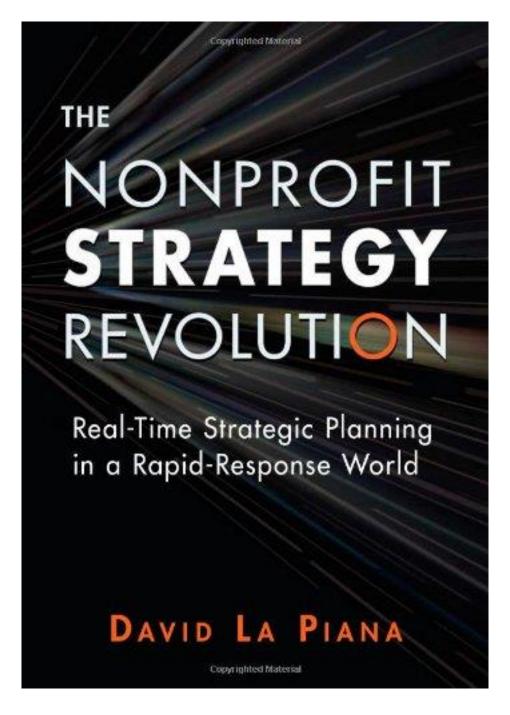
- home economy
- economy trends
- overseas economies
- general taxation
- taxation specific to product/services
- seasonality issues
- market/trade cycles
- specific industry factors
- market routes trends
- distribution trends
- customer/end-user drivers



- lifestyle trends
- demographics
- consumer attitudes and opinions
- media views
- law changes affecting social factors
- brand, company, technology image
- consumer buying patterns
- fashion and role models
- major events and influences
- buying access and trends
- ethnic/religious factors
- advertising and publicity
- ethical issues

Technological

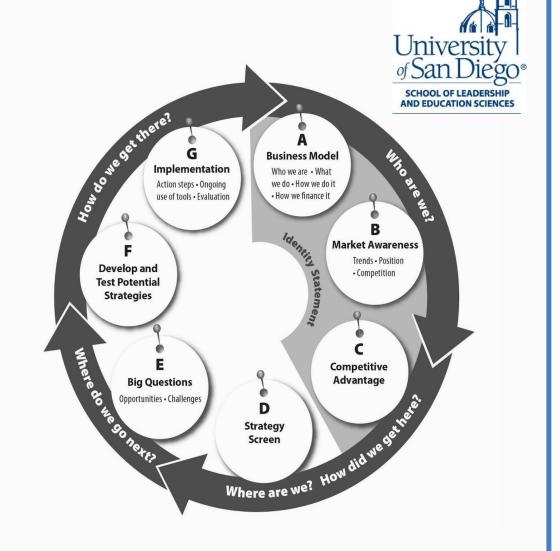
- competing technology development
- research funding
- associated/dependent technologies
- replacement technology/solutions
- maturity of technology
- manufacturing maturity and capacity
- information and communications
- consumer buying mechanisms/technology
- technology legislation
- innovation potential
 - technology access, licensing, patents
 - intellectual property issues
 - global communications



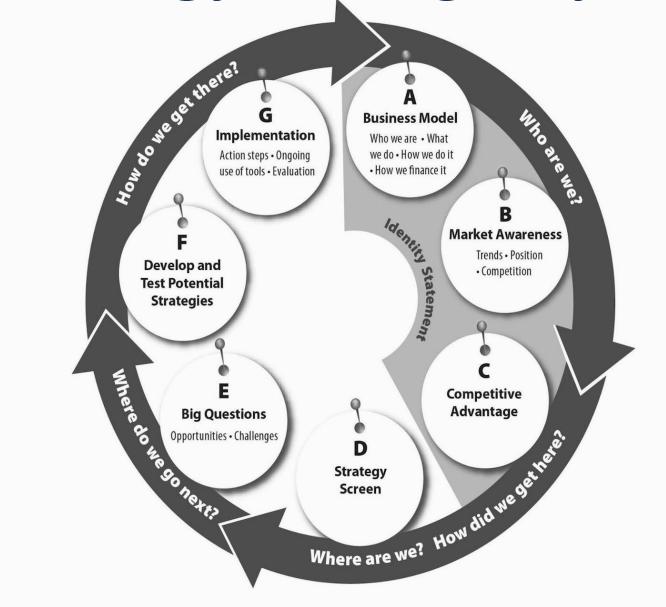








Strategy Change Cycle





The Nonprofit Strategy Revolution

What is Strategy Built Upon?



A Sound Business Model = being clear about

Who we are (our mission/vision)

What we do (our program)

How we do it (our structure and operations)

How we finance it

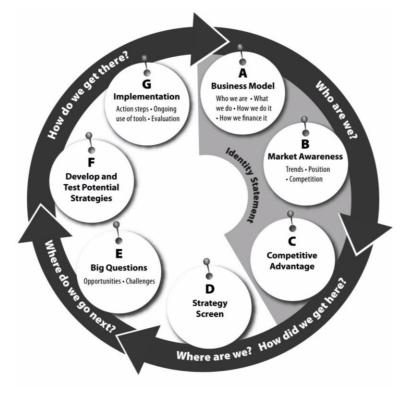
Market Awareness = knowing

What the market is

Where we are in the market

How we got there

Where we want to go next



© La Piana Consulting, 2008

Competitive Advantage = the ability to produce social value

Types of competitive advantage Asset advantages

University
of San Diego
school of Leadership
and Education Sciences

- Better program design leading to better outcomes
- Unique attributes of programs or services such as linguistic or cultural capacity
- An accessible location or network of locations
- An attractive or specialized building or property that enhances program delivery
- A robust, diversified funding base that provides flexibility and stability
- Great name recognition and reputation among funders and constituents
- Powerful partnerships
- A well-connected board of directors

Execution advantages

- Lower costs to funders or customers
- Greater efficiency in delivering programs or services per dollar spent
- Better accountability and public reporting
- Faster delivery of programs or services (e.g., no waiting for service)
- Sound marketing and communications that raise visibility and awareness

ORGANIZATIONAL

Determine mission, vision, trends, competitors, partners, and market position

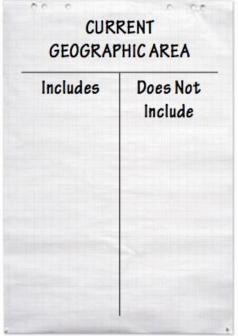
Programmatic

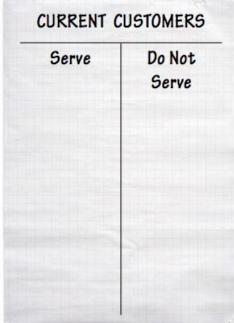
Decide on approaches and offer programs and activities to achieve specific outcomes related to the target audiences

OPERATIONAL

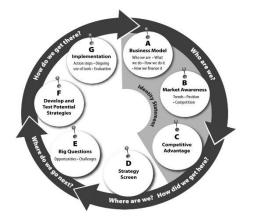
Administer and oversee systems, policies, and personnel in areas such as finance, human resources, communications, and information technology



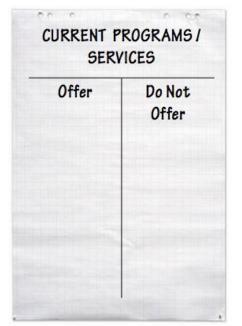


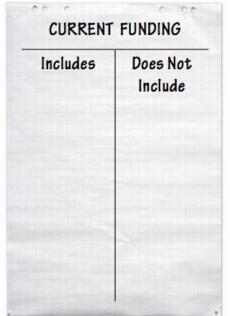


Offer	Do Not
	Offer



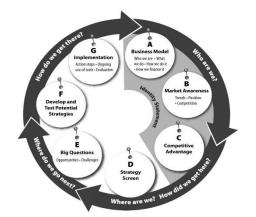






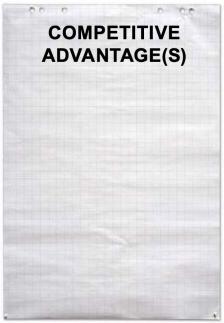






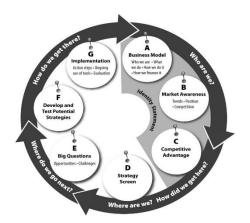




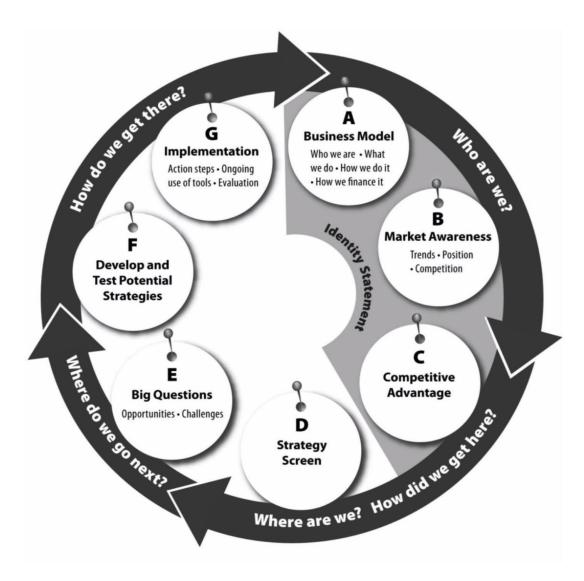


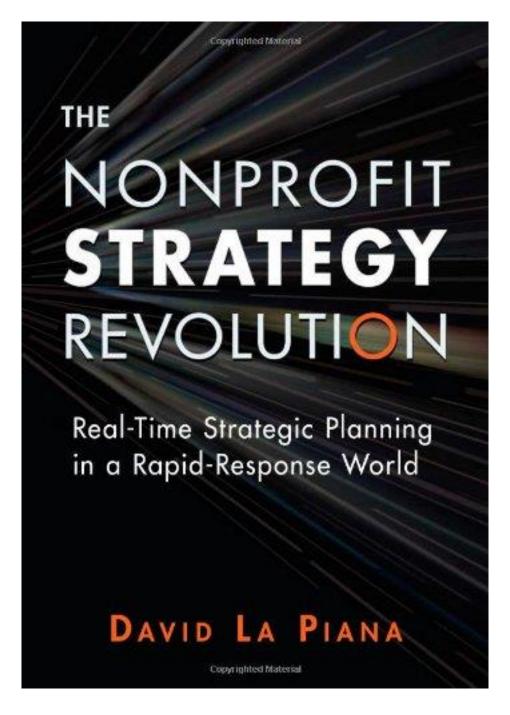
IDENTITY STAT	
We advance our mis-	
sion of	
and seek to	
(impact we strive for)	
by serving	
(customers/clients)	
in (geographic area)	
through (main types of	
programs/services)	
and emphasizing	
our competitive	
advantage(s) of	
We are sustainable by	
Our current	
Big Question is	







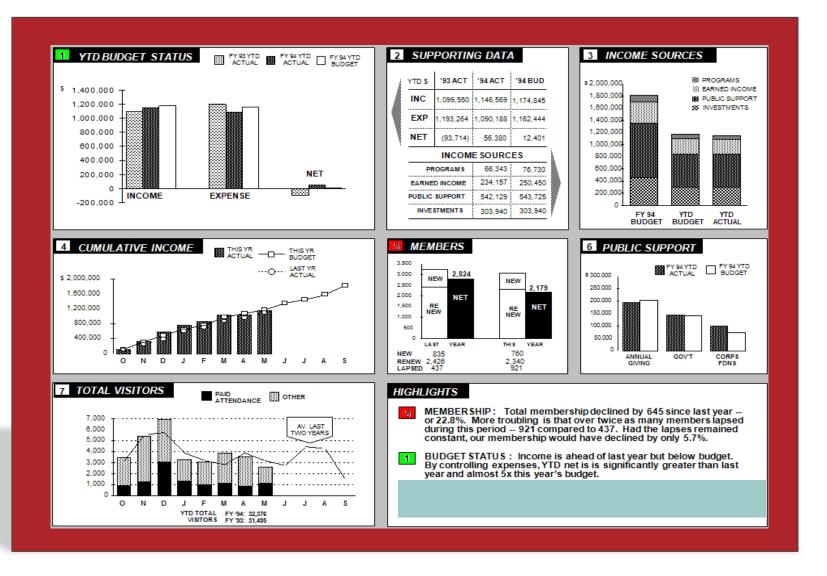








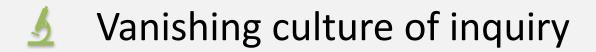
How do we Monitor Progress?



Dashboar ds

Destroyers of Strategy





- Avoidance of risk taking
- Lack of involvement of board in strategy
 - Lack of vision and focus on the future

That it is the state of the sta



"Give me six hours to chop down a tree and I will spend the first four sharpening the axe"

-Abraham Lincoln

Thank You!

Leadership is Intentional



Lyn Corbett Lyncorbett@sandiego.edu

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8 Step Kotter Model of Change



Strategy Worksheet Guiding Team/Roles What do we want to accome Any weaknesses, potential Barriers, or Threats? How will we pay for it? How does it align with Where do we begin? our core values? **Action Plans?** How does it tap into our competitive advantage? What does success What resources do we have? look like? **P**olitical **E**conomic Social **T**echnological

Strategy Worksheet Guiding Team/Roles What do we want to accome Any weaknesses, potential Barriers, or Threats? How will we pay for it? How does it align with Where do we begin? our core values? **Action Plans?** How does it tap into our competitive advantage? What does success What resources do we have? look like? **P**olitical **E**conomic Social **T**echnological

CORE VALUES

truth
efficiency
initiative
environmentalism

power control courage competition excitement creativity happiness honor innovation

obedience financial fulfillment integrity peace loyalty

clarity security love

determination

persistence sincerity fun

relationships wisdom flexibility perspective commitment recognition

learning
honesty
originality
candor
prosperity
growth
community

order spirituality adventure cooperation

humor

collaboration

fairness

resources dependability

trust

excellence teamwork service

profitability freedom friendship influence justice quality hard work

responsiveness

respect support strength self-control cleverness success

stewardship

support

purposefulness

