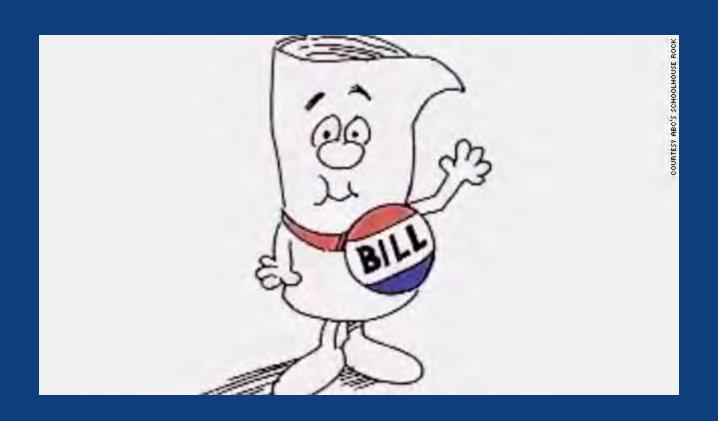
Legislative History Sources for Tax Research

LRC REFERENCE DESK: (619) 260-4612 <u>LRCREFER@SANDIEGO.EDU</u>

What is a legislative history?

Legislative history refers to the progress of a bill through the legislative process and to the documents & other media that are created during that process.

I'm Just a Bill



CONGRESSIONAL LAWMAKING PROCESS

Preliminary congressional hearings or

Executive initiative in the form of a presidential message

- 3 Bill introduced in House or Senate
- Bill referred to committee for consideration (some bills sent to subcommittee for further study)
- 5 Committee holds public hearings, which may include presentation of testimony
- 6 Committee votes to report bill out of committee



- 8ill placed on legislative calendar and debated before the full House or Senate
- 8 (engrossed) and sent to the other chamber for consideration
- 9 engrossed House bill differs from engrossed Senate bill, a conference committee reconciles the versions
- Once both House and Senate have approved identical bill, it becomes enrolled and is sent to the president
- The president signs the enrolled bill and it becomes law
- 12 The law is codified If it has general and permanent applicability

Key Fed. Abbreviations/Terms

- H.R. = bill that originated in House of Reps.
- S. = bill that originated in Senate
- "Mark up" = editing or amending
- "Table" a bill = let a bill die
- "Calendar" bill = schedule it for debate by full chamber
- Engrossed = passed version, edited with amendments
- Enrolled = passed by both chambers, ready for President
- (P.L. = Public Law) v. (Stat. = Statutes at Large) v. USC

Key Fed. Legislative Terms

- Reconciliation = Congressional Budget Office determines whether bill complies with current budget
- Filibuster = Tactic available to opposing
 Senators to delay or block a vote on a bill
- Cloture = A supermajority vote to end a filibuster
- Conference Committee = group, comprised of Senators & Reps, which must reconcile differences between bill versions passed by House & Senate

Understanding Bill & Public Law Citations

- The bill number is key to tracing legislative actions prior to enactment
 - o S. 53, 105th congress = Senate bill 53 from the 105th congress (1997-98 session)
 - o H.R. 1551, 115th Congress = House of Representatives bill number 1551 from the current Congress (2017-18 session)
 - o Bills are assigned unique numbers sequentially as received for each Congress
- The public law number will help you trace enacted legislation
 - o P.L. 103-17 = 17th law passed during the 103rd Congress (1993-94)

What can you find?



- Committee Reports
 - o Written by committee members and their staff to explain the legislation to other members of Congress
 - o House Ways & Means Committee
 - o Senate Committee on Finance
- Debate on the floor
 - o Limited value because often just posturing
- Committee Prints
 - o Reports used internally by the Committee
 - Not always evidence of intent, but can be evidence Committee members were aware of particular issues

What can you find? (cont.)

- Joint Tax Committee (JTC) "Blue Books"
- Presidential Signing Statements on tax acts
 - Westlaw, Lexis, Bloomberg
- CRS Reports on tax changes and updates
 - o Bloomberg, Hein, CCH
- GAO Reports
- Congressional Budget Office Reports

What can you find?

- Hearings
 - o Witness (stakeholder) testimony
 - Member of the public
 - Expert in the field
 - Government official from relevant agency
 - "Inserted materials" or "Communications" (handouts, reports, policy papers, etc. submitted by stakeholder to Committee members)

Where can I find this stuff?



Online Legislative Resources - Not an exhaustive list -

- Congressional Publications (ProQuest)
- Bloomberg Law
- CCH Intelliconnect
- RIA Checkpoint
- HeinOnline
- Westlaw & Lexis
- Congress.gov

Access through LRC's Research Databases <u>link</u>



Print Legislative Resources



- Not an exhaustive list -
- Eldridge, The United States Internal Revenue System (1791 – 1894)
- Seidman's Legislative History of Federal Income and Excess Profits Tax Laws (1861-1946)
- Barton's Federal Tax Laws Correlated (1909-1952)
- Internal Revenue Acts of the United States (1909 1950) subsequent years covered by:
 - o Reams (1950 1993)
- BNA's Primary Sources Portfolios (1954 1996)
- Taxation and Economic Reform sets (Manz, 1997, 2001)
 *Must visit the LRC

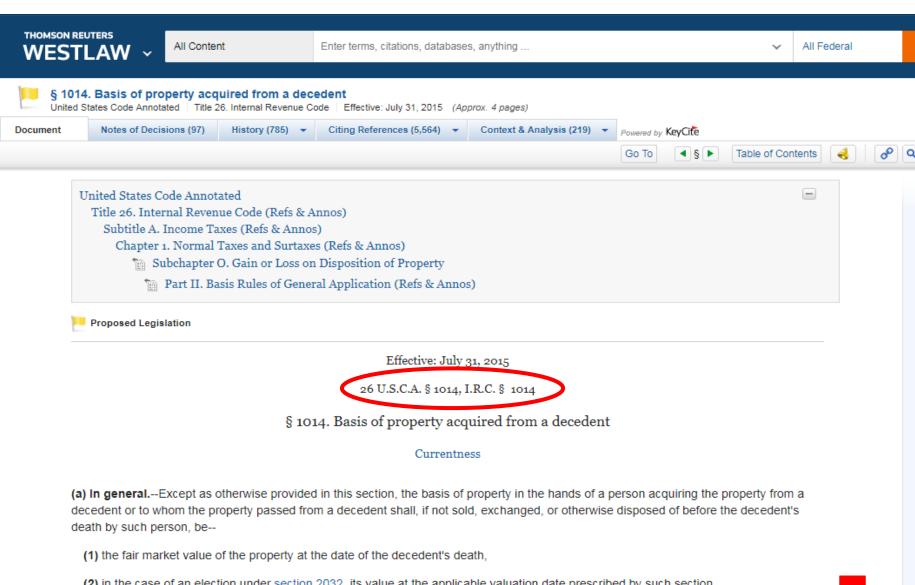
Example: Legislative History of §1014(a)(1)

What congressional discussion exists regarding the step-up in basis rule that aligns the income tax with the estate tax provisions in 26 USC §1014(a)(1)?

Tips

Is there a legislative history already?

• Make a checklist of the places you need to visit and where you've been!



NC

Ge

Ac All

Ca

Co Co

Co Co

Co

Co De

Dis Eq Es

Fai Fin

Inc

Ind

Ma

No Po

Pro dea

Pu Re

Re Re

Sto

Sto Ter

- (2) in the case of an election under section 2032, its value at the applicable valuation date prescribed by such section,
- (3) in the case of an election under section 2032A, its value determined under such section, or
- (4) to the extent of the applicability of the exclusion described in section 2031(c), the basis in the hands of the decedent.
- (b) Property acquired from the decedent.--For purposes of subsection (a), the following property shall be considered to have been acquired from or to have passed from the decedent:
 - (1) Property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritance, or by the decedent's estate from the decedent;

CREDIT(S)

(Aug. 16, 1954, c. 736, 68A Stat. 296; Pub. L. 85-320, § 2, Feb. 11, 1958, 72 Stat. 5; Pub.L. 92-178, Title V, § 502(f), Dec. 10, 1971, 85 Stat. 550; Pub.L. 94-455, Title XIX, § 1901(c)(8), Title XX, § 2005(a)(1), Oct. 4, 1976, 90 Stat. 1803, 1872; Pub.L. 95-600, Title V, § 515(1), Title VII, § 702(c)(1)(A), Nov. 6, 1978, 92 Stat. 2884, 2926; Pub.L. 96-222, Title I, § 107(a)(2)(A), Apr. 1, 1980, 94 Stat. 222; Pub.L. 96-223, Title IV, § 401(a), Apr. 2, 1980, 94 Stat. 299; Pub.L. 97-34, Title IV, § 425(a), Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 318; Pub.L. 97-448, Title I, § 104(a)(1)(A), Jan. 12, 1983, 96 Stat. 2379; Pub L. 105-34, Title V, § 508(b), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 860 Pub.L. 107-16, Title V, § 541, June 7, 2001, 715 Stat. 76; Pub.L. 108-357, Title IV, § 413(c)(18), Oct. 22, 2004, 118 Stat. 1508; Pub.L. 111-312, Title III, § 301(a), Dec. 17, 2010, 124 Stat. 3300; Pub.L. 113-295, Div. A, Title II, § 221(a)(74), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 4049; Pub.L. 114-41, Title II, § 2004(a), July 31, 2015, 129 Stat. 454.)

Notes of Decisions (97)

26 U.S.C.A. § 1014, 26 USCA § 1014 Current through P.L. 115-51. Also includes P.L. 115-53 through 115-60. Title 26 current through 115-60.

ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2001

PL 107-16, June 7, 2001, 115 Stat 38 (Approx. 89 pages)

Document

THOMSON REUTERS

WESTLAW ~

Bill Drafts (0) Legislative History Materials (145) Statutes Affected (0)

Powered by KeyCite







PL 107-16, June 7, 2001, 115 Stat 38

UNITED STATES PUBLIC LAWS 107th Congress - First Session Convening January, 2001

Additions and Deletions are not identified in this database. Vetoed provisions within tabular material are not displayed

PL 107-16 (HR 1836) June 7, 2001 ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2001

An Act To provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 104 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2002.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

<< 26 USCA § 1 NOTE >>

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001".
- (b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed. in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; references; table of contents.

TITLE I—INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATE REDUCTIONS

Sec. 101. Reduction in income tax rates for individuals.

Sec. 102. Repeal of phaseout of personal exemptions.

Sec. 103. Phaseout of overall limitation on itemized deductions.





Document

All Content

Enter terms, citations, databases, anything ...

All Federal

ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2001

PL 107-16, June 7, 2001, 115 Stat 38 (Approx. 89 pages)

Bill Drafts (0)

Legislative History Materials (145)

Statutes Affected (0)

Powered by KeyCite









Sec. 511. Additional reductions of estate and gift tax rates

Subtitle C—Increase in Exemption Amounts

Sec. 521. Increase in exemption equivalent of unified credit, lifetime gifts exemption, and GST exemption amounts.

Subtitle D—Credit for State Death Taxes

Sec. 531. Reduction of credit for State death taxes.

Sec. 532. Credit for State death taxes replaced with deduction for such taxes.

Subtitle E—Carryover Basis at Death; Other Changes Taking Effect With Repeal

Sec. 541. Termination of step-up in basis at death.

Sec. 542. Treatment of property acquired from a decedent dying after December 31, 2009.

Subtitle F—Conservation Easements

Sec. 551. Expansion of estate tax rule for conservation easements.

Subtitle G-Modifications of Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax

Sec. 561. Deemed allocation of GST exemption to lifetime transfers to trusts; retroactive allocations.

Sec. 562. Severing of trusts.

Sec. 563. Modification of certain valuation rules.

Sec. 564. Relief provisions.

Subtitle H—Extension of Time for Payment of Estate Tax

Sec. 571. Increase in number of allowable partners and shareholders in closely held businesses.

Sec. 572. Expansion of availability of installment payment for estates with interests qualifying lending and finance businesses.

Sec. 573. Clarification of availability of installment payment.

Subtitle I—Other Provisions

Sec. 581. Waiver of statute of limitation for taxes on certain farm valuations.

TITLE VI—PENSION AND INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ARRANGEMENT PROVISIONS

ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2001

PL 107-16, June 7, 2001, 115 Stat 38 (Approx. 89 pages)

Document

Bill Drafts (0)

Legislative History Materials (145)

Statutes Affected (0)

Powered by KeyCite

SEC. 541. TERMINATION OF STEP-UP IN BASIS AT DEATH.

Section 1014 (relating to basis of property acquired from a decedent) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply with respect to decedents dying after December 31, 2009.".

SEC. 542. TREATMENT OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM A DECEDENT DYING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2009.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Part II of subchapter O of chapter 1 (relating to basis rules of general application) is amended by inserting after section 1021 the following new section:

<< 26 USCA § 1022 >>

"SEC. 1022. TREATMENT OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM A DECEDENT DYING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2009.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section—
- "(1) property acquired from a decedent dying after December 31, 2009, shall be treated for purposes of this subtitle as transferred by gift, and
- "(2) the basis of the person acquiring property from such a decedent shall be the lesser of—
- "(A) the adjusted basis of the decedent, or
- "(B) the fair market value of the property at the date of the decedent's death.
- "(b) BASIS INCREASE FOR CERTAIN PROPERTY.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of property to which this subsection applies, the basis of such property under subsection (a) shall be increased by its basis increase under this subsection.
- "(2) BASIS INCREASE.—For purposes of this subsection—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The basis increase under this subsection for any property is the portion of the aggregate basis increase which is allocated to the property pursuant to this section.
- "(B) AGGREGATE BASIS INCREASE.—In the case of any estate, the aggregate basis increase under this subsection is \$1,300,000.
- "(C) LIMIT INCREASED BY UNUSED BUILT-IN LOSSES AND LOSS CARRYOVERS.—The limitation under subparagraph (B) shall be increased by—
- "(i) the sum of the amount of any capital loss carryover under section 1212(b), and the amount of any net operating loss carryover under section 172, which would (but for the decedent's death) be carried from the decedent's last taxable year to a later taxable year of the decedent, plus
- "(ii) the sum of the amount of any losses that would have been allowable under section 165 if the property acquired from the decedent had been sold at fair market value immediately before the decedent's death.
- "(3) DECEDENT NONRESIDENTS WHO ARE NOT CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES.—In the case of a decedent nonresident not a

٩

SCHOOL OF LAW

INFORMATION FOR:

Prospective Students Current Students Faculty & Staff
Alumni Visitors & Friends Employers Donors

THE SCHOOL

Policy and Administrative

Resources

ACADEMICS

FACULTY

ADMISSIONS

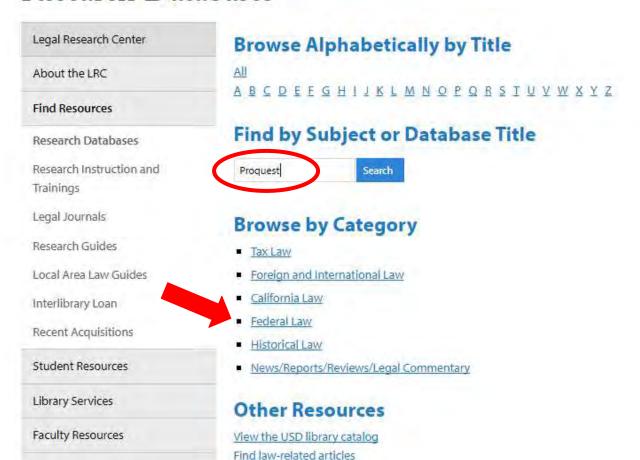
FINANCIAL AID

LAW LIBRARY



> Law Library > Finding Resources > Research Databases

Research Databases





Search USD

INFORMATION FOR:

Prospective Students Current Students Faculty & Staff Alumni Visitors & Friends Employers Donors

University of San Diego. SCHOOL OF LAW

THE SCHOOL

ACADEMICS

FACULTY

ADMISSIONS

FINANCIAL AID

LAW LIBRARY



> Law Library > Finding Resources > Research Databases > Database Keyword Search

Database Keyword Search

Legal Research Center

About the LRC

Find Resources

Research Databases

Research Instruction and

Trainings

Legal Journals

Research Guides

Local Area Law Guides

Interlibrary Loan

Recent Acquisitions

Student Resources

Library Services

Faculty Resources

Policy and Administrative Resources

Congressional Publications (Proquest)

Publications generated by the U.S. Congress and accessed via ProQuest, including: CIS Legislative Histories, 1969-present; House & Senate Reports, 1817-present; House & Senate Hearings, 1824-present; Congressional Research Service (CRS) Reports, 1916-present; House & Senate Documents, 1817present, and Committee Prints & Miscellaneous Publications, 1830-present; Executive Reports, 1843-present, & Executive Documents, 1825-1980; Serial Set, 1789-present. Keywords: legislative history, proquest

More Information

Legislative Insight

ProQuest Legislative Insight makes available more than 18,000 histories covering laws from 1929 to the present. Nine thousand of these histories are new and 4,000 include new research. Includes only bills that have passed.

More Information

USD ONLY

FULL-TEXT

USD ONLY

FULL-TEXT

MOBILE APP

(APPLE)

MOBILE APP (ANDROID)

CONTACT:

Pardee Legal Research Center Pardee Legal Research Center

Main: (619) 260-4542 Reference: (619) 260-4612 Fax: (619) 260-4616

Email Pardee Legal Research

Center

Current Hours of Operation

Directory



LRC Printing

Study Tools and Materials

Research Databases

Faculty Quick Links

Back to Top

Congressional Publications

Enter keywords to search within all fields including full text

Limit by Date ▼ Find Terms

Advanced Search tips Bookmark this search



Legislative Histories

Legislative Insight provides compiled histories with full text PDFs and tools to facilitate research into the legislative histories of U.S. statutes.

Go to Legislative Insight 2

Congress in Context

Read our Congressional profiles to gain an understanding of the historical context of each Congressional term, including an overview of party divisions and leadership, economic conditions, conflicts, major laws, Landmark Supreme Court cases and major events. Browse Congress in Context?

Research Reports

Nonpartisan Congressional Research Service (CRS) reports are great starting points for research on a wide variety of topics, past and present. Reports often provide pro and con positions. overviews, statistics and analysis.

Search for CRS Reports >

Members of Congress

Access Member profiles to find information on Senators and Representatives, including sponsored bills, remarks, and floor votes.

Search for a Member of Congress >

Bills by Number

Do you have a bill number or another type of citation for a government document you would like to lookup?

Search by Number >

Social Media

Find out what Members and Federal agencies are posting on Twitter, Facebook, and YouTube.

Search Political News & Social Media >

Guided Search Search by Number Timeline Browse Legislative Process

Historical Context | Help | Quick Start

Related Subscriptions ▼

Looking for content unrelated to a law?

To see if it is available, click here to go
to ProQuest Congressional.

SEARCH FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE HISTORIES:

Ouick Search

Home

What is a Legislative History?

107-16

Hint: "civil rights" searches the phrase "civil rights" but civil rights searches "civil" AND "rights"

Popular Names of Laws List

What's New?

115th Congress Histories: 49 Histories Loaded

 PL115-22, One of several laws enacted in the early days of the 115th Congress targeting specific Federal regulations promulgated by the previous (Obama) administration and opposed by the nascent Republican administration and Congressional majorities. PL115-22 nullifies the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rule published at 81 FR 87274 (December 2, 2016) that applies the privacy

CITATION CHECKER:	Public Law Number	Statute at Large Cit	ations Enacted Bill
retrieve the equivalent numbers	PL90-351	82 Stat. 197 66 Stat. 14, Chap: 8	90 H.R. 5037
Spotlight FAQ	Sessions of C	ongress Browse	or Search for Subject Terms

FEATURED LAW:

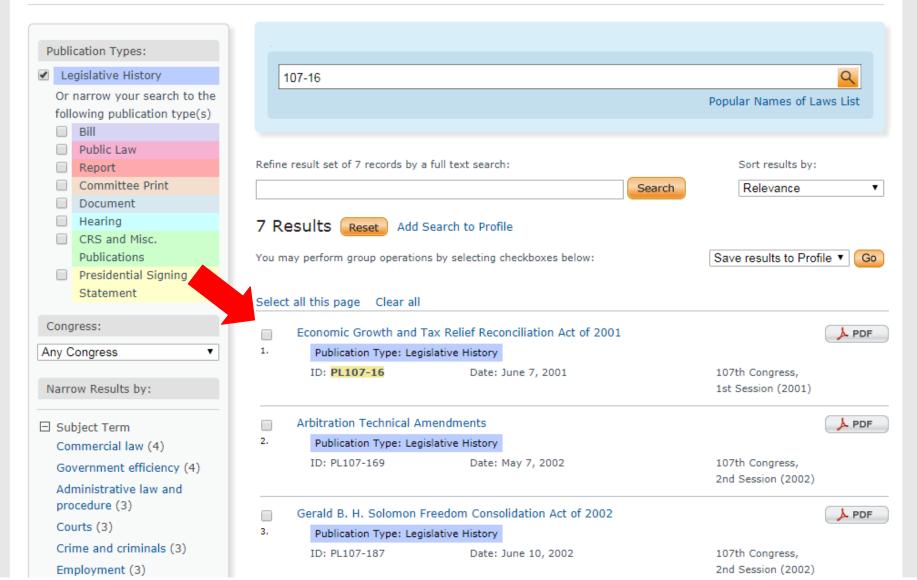
PL107-56, the USA PATRIOT ACT of 2001.

ProQuest | Legislative Insight

Related Subscriptions ▼

Home Quick Search Guided Search Search by Number Timeline Browse Legislative Process

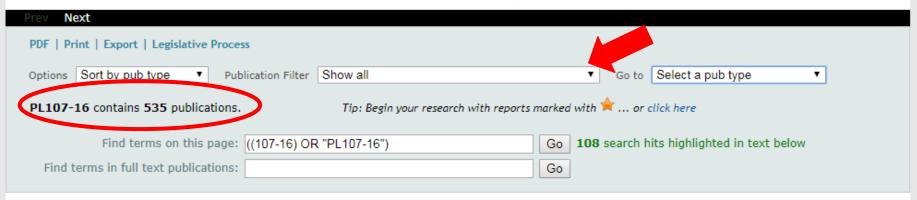
Quick Search



ProQuest | Legislative Insight

Related Subscriptions ▼

Home Quick Search Guided Search Search by Number Timeline Browse Legislative Process



Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001

Publication Type:Legislative History

DIGITAL-PDF ID: PL107-16

PUBLIC LAW PDF ID: PL107-16FT

DATE: June 7, 2001

ENACTED-BILL: 107 H.R. 1836 STATUTE AT LARGE: 115 Stat. 38

CONG-SESS: 107-1

USCS: 2 USCS § 932, 2 USCS § 936, 26 USCS § 1, more...

DURABLE URL: https://o-congressional.proquest.com.sally.sandiego.edu/legisinsight?id=PL107-16&type=LEG_HIST

SUMMARY:

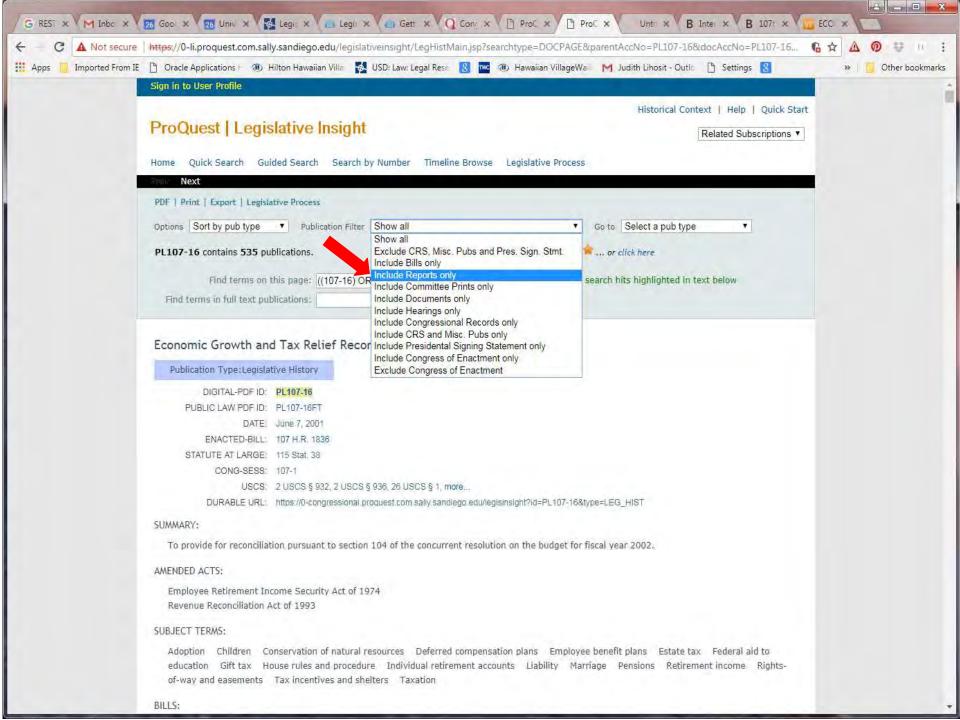
To provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 104 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2002.

AMENDED ACTS:

Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1993

SUBJECT TERMS:

Adoption Children Conservation of natural resources Deferred compensation plans Employee benefit plans Estate tax Federal aid to



107th Congress

SERIAL-SET-ID: 14720 H.rp.7

TITLE: Economic Growth and Tax Relief Act of 2001

DOCUMENT-DATE: Mar. 6, 2001

COMMITTEE: Committee on Ways and Means. House

DOC-NO: H. Rpt. 107-7 SERIAL-VOLUME: 14720 DIGITAL-PDF: 14720 H.rp.7

LENGTH: 31 pp.

SUDOC: Y1.1/8:107-7

Publication Detail



TITLE: Providing for Consideration of H.R. 3, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Act of 2001

DOCUMENT-DATE: Mar. 7, 2001

COMMITTEE: Committee on Rules, House

DOC-NO: H. Rpt. 107-12 SERIAL-VOLUME: 14720

DIGITAL-PDF: 14720 H.rp.12

LENGTH: 8 pp.

SUDOC: Y1.1/8:107-12

NOTE: House rules and procedure

Publication Detail

SERIAL-SET-ID: 14720 H.rp.29

TITLE: Marriage Penalty and Family Tax Relief Act of 2001

DOCUMENT-DATE: Mar. 27, 2001

COMMITTEE: Committee on Ways and Means, House

DOC-NO: H. Rpt. 107-29 SERIAL-VOLUME: 14720 DIGITAL-PDF: 14720 H.rp.29

LENGTH: 36 pp.

SUDOC: Y1.1/8:107-29

Publication Detail

ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF ACT OF 2001

MARCH 6, 2001.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, submitted the following

REPORT

together with

DISSENTING VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 3]

[Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]

as amended do pass.

CONTENTS

		Page
I.	Summary and Background	3
	A. Purpose and Summary	3
	B. Background and Need for Legislation	4
	C. Legislative History	4
II.	Explanation of the Bill	4
	Votes of the Committee	9
	Budget Effects of the Bill	11
_,,	A. Committee Estimates of Budgetary Effects	$\overline{11}$
	B. Budget Authority and Tax Expenditures	12
	C. Cost Estimate Prepared by the Congressional Budget Office	$\overline{12}$
v	Other Matters To Be Discussed Under the Rules of the House	$\overline{16}$
•••	A. Committee Oversight Findings and Recommendations	$\overline{16}$
	B. Summary of Findings and Recommendations of the Committee	
	on Government Reform and Oversight	16
	C. Constitutional Authority Statement	$\overline{16}$
	D. Information Relating to Unfunded Mandates	16
	E. Applicability of House Rule XX15(b)	16
	F. Tax Complexity Analysis	17
	r Tax Complexity Analysis	Τ,

Congressional Publications *

Members & Committees ▼

Regulations

News & Social Media

Congress in Context

Congressional Publications

Enter keywords to search within all fields including full text

Limit by Date ▼ Find Terms

Advanced Search tips Bookmark this search

New to ProQuest Congressional? Here are some useful starting places.

Legislative Histories

Legislative Insight provides compiled histories with full text PDFs and tools to facilitate research into the legislative histories of U.S. statutes.

Go to Legislative Insight &

Members of Congress

Access Member profiles to find information on Senators and Representatives, including sponsored bills, remarks, and floor votes.

Search for a Member of Congress >

Congress in Context

Read our Congressional profiles to gain an understanding of the historical context of each Congressional term, including an overview of party divisions and leadership, economic conditions, conflicts, major laws, Landmark Supreme Court cases and major events.

Browse Congress in Context >

Bills by Number

Do you have a bill number or another type of citation for a government document you would like to lookup?

Search by Number >

Research Reports

a

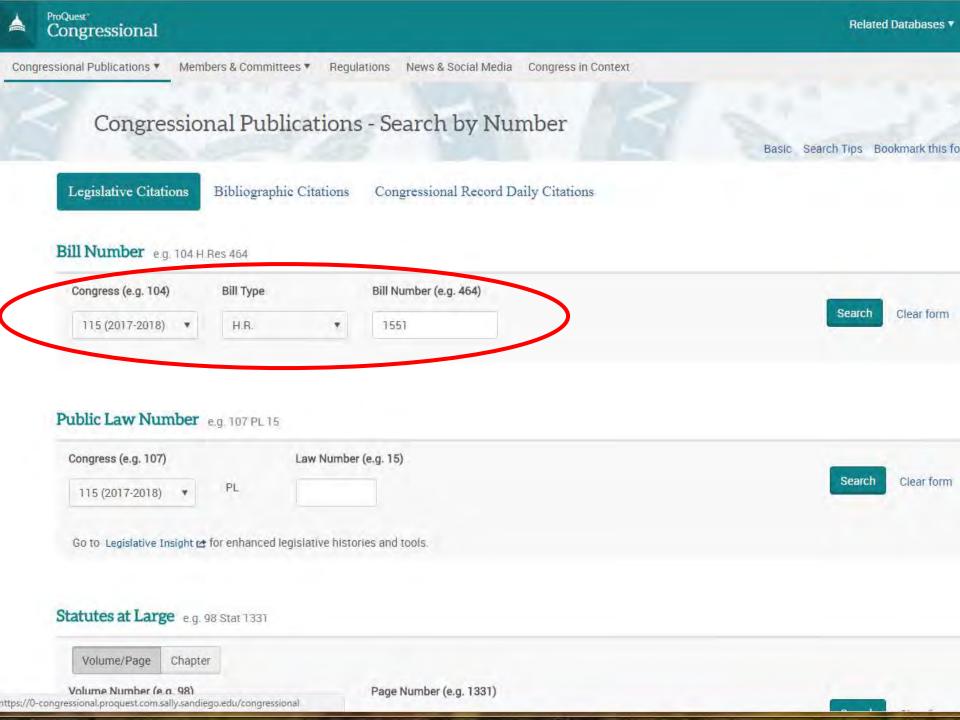
Nonpartisan Congressional Research Service (CRS) reports are great starting points for research on a wide variety of topics, past and present. Reports often provide pro and con positions, overviews, statistics and analysis.

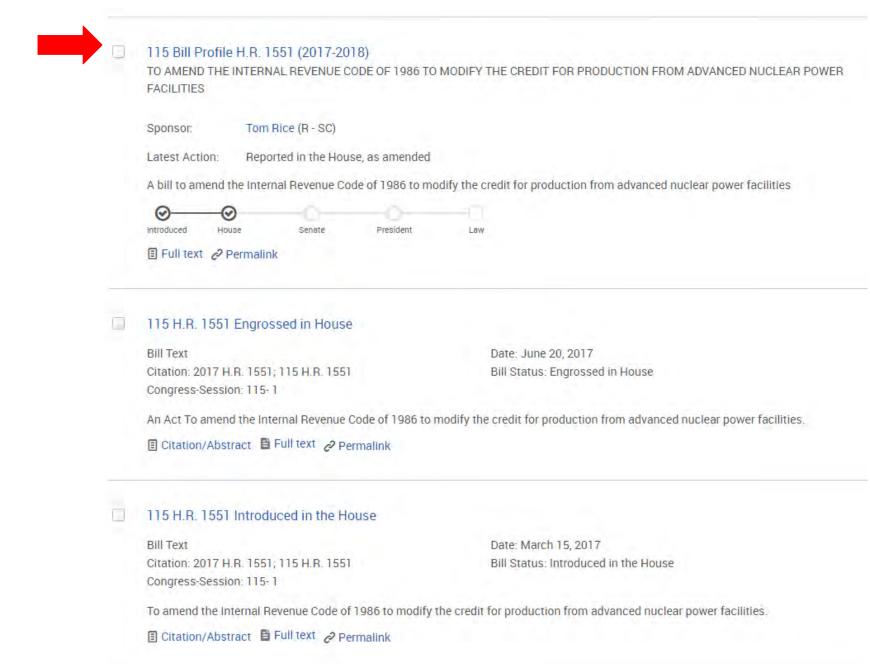
Search for CRS Reports >

Social Media

Find out what Members and Federal agencies are posting on Twitter, Facebook, and YouTube.

Search Political News & Social Media >





115 Bill Profile H.R. 1551 (2017-2018)

status

others

June 20, 2017

June 20, 2017

TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES Representative Tom Rice (R - SC) Sponsor. 32 Total Cosponsors: 9 Democrats / 23 Republicans Cosponsors: Introduced: March 15, 2017 Last Action: Reported in the House, as amended Introduced Senate Related publications Sponsors Bill text Overview Actions Committees Actions (14) ♣Download as spreadsheet Filter by type: All actions 7 Links Date + Type Action Session 1 June 23, 2017 others Supporting remarks by Rep. Sinema (D-AZ) 163 Cong Rec E891 June 21, 2017 Supporting remarks by Rep. Marchant (R-TX) others 163 Cong Rec E866 Considered in the House June 20, 2017 163 Cong Rec H4958 status June 20, 2017 others House considered under suspension of the rules 163 Cong Rec H4958 Supporting remarks by Rep. Neal (D-MA) June 20, 2017 others 163 Cong Rec H4960

Passed in the House, as amended

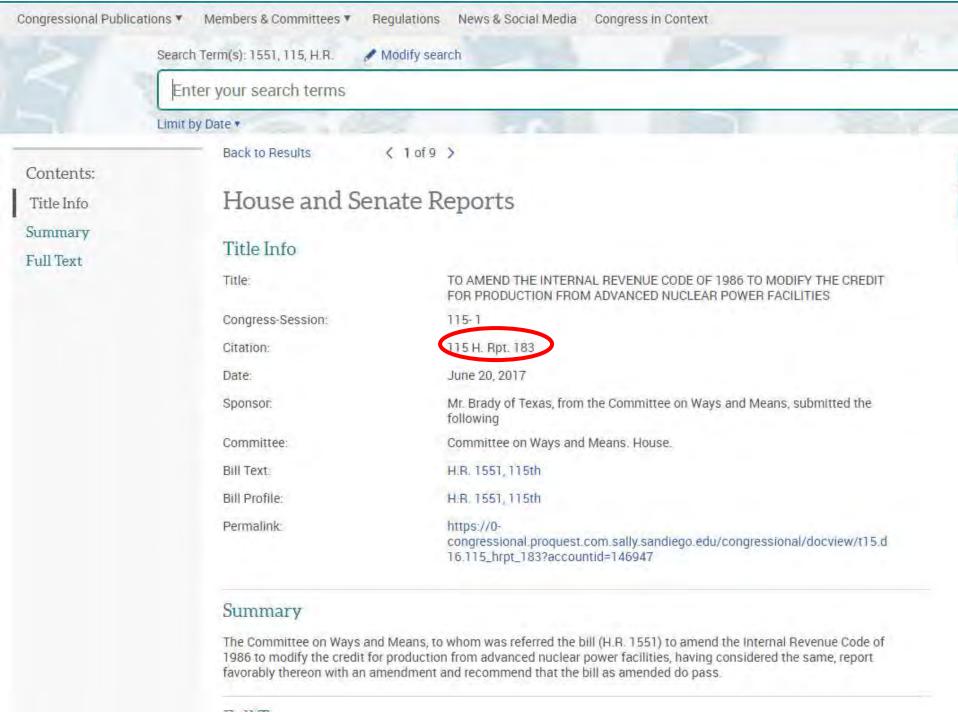
amended (by voice vote)

House agreed to suspend the rules and pass, as

163 Cong Rec H4963

163 Cong Rec H4963

Session 1			
June 23, 2017	others	Supporting remarks by Rep. Sinema (D-AZ)	163 Cong Rec E891
June 21, 2017	others	Supporting remarks by Rep. Marchant (R-TX)	163 Cong Rec E866
June 20, 2017	status	Considered in the House	163 Cong Rec H4958
June 20, 2017	others	House considered under suspension of the rules	163 Cong Rec H4958
June 20, 2017	others	Supporting remarks by Rep. Neal (D-MA)	163 Cong Rec H4960
June 20, 2017	status	Passed in the House, as amended	163 Cong Rec H4963
June 20, 2017	others	House agreed to suspend the rules and pass, as amended (by voice vote)	163 Cong Rec H4963
June 20, 2017	status	Reported in the House, as amended	163 Cong Rec H4991
June 20, 2017	others	Report filed, as amended, by House Committee on Ways and Means (H. Rpt. 115-183)	163 Cong Rec H4991
June 20, 2017	referral	Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union	163 Cong Rec H4991
June 15, 2017	others	Markup held by House Committee on Ways and Means	163 Cong Rec D665
June 15, 2017	others	Ordered reported, as amended, by House Committee on Ways and Means	163 Cong Rec D665
March 15, 2017	status	Introduced in the House	163 Cong Rec H2082
March 15, 2017	referral	Referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means	163 Cong Rec H2082
4			



```
Contents:
                                 Full Text
Title Info
Summary
Full Text
                                   1st Session
                                   thereon with an amendment and recommend that the bill as
```

amended do nace

```
House Report 115-183 - TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUC
[House Report 115-183]
[From the U.S. Government Publishing Office]
115th Congress
                                                                Report
                       HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
                                                               115-183
  TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR
           PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES
 June 20, 2017.--Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the
             State of the Union and ordered to be printed
Mr. Brady of Texas, from the Committee on Ways and Means, submitted the
                              following
                             REPORT
                        [To accompany H.R. 1551]
      [Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]
    The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the
bill (H.R. 1551) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to
modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power
facilities, having considered the same, report favorably
```

CONTENTS

Contents:

Title Info

Summary Full Text

Page	
I. SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND1	
A. Purpose and Summary 1	
B. Background and Need for Legislation 1	
C. Legislative History 1	
II. EXPLANATION OF THE BILL	
A. Advanced Nuclear Power Production Credit (sec. 45)	
of the Code)	
III. VOTES OF THE COMMITTEE4	
IV. BUDGET EFFECTS OF THE BILL5	
A. Committee Estimate of Budgetary Effects 5	
B. Statement Regarding New Budget Authority and Tax	
Expenditures Budget Authority 5	
C. Cost Estimate Prepared by the Congressional Budget	
Office 5	
V. OTHER MATTERS TO BE DISCUSSED UNDER THE RULES OF THE HOUSE6	
A. Committee Oversight Findings and Recommendations 6	
B. Statement of General Performance Goals and	
Objectives6	
C. Information Relating to Unfunded Mandates 6	
D. Applicability of House Rule XXI 5(b)6	
E. Tax Complexity Analysis6	
F. Congressional Earmarks, Limited Tax Benefits, and	
Limited Tariff Benefits 7	
G. Duplication of Federal Programs	
H. Disclosure of Directed Rule Makings 7	
VI. CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW MADE BY THE BILL, AS REPORTED8	
The amendment is as follows:	
Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the	
following:	
TOTTOWING.	
SECTION 1. MODIFICATIONS OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR	
POWER FACILITIES.	
(a) Treatment of Unutilized Limitation AmountsSection 45J(b) of	
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended	
(1) in paragraph (4), by inserting ``or any amendment to\'\'	
after ``enactment of\'\', and	
(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:	
``(5) Allocation of unutilized limitation	
``(A) In generalAny unutilized national megawatt	
capacity limitation shall be allocated by the Secretary	
under naradranh (3) as ranidly as is practicable after	

Contents:

Title Info

Summary

Full Text

kilowatt-hour of electricity produced (calculated as described above) subject to an annual credit limitation of \$93.75 million in credits (three-quarters of \$125 million).

The credit is part of the general business credit.

REASONS FOR CHANGE

The Committee is concerned about ambiguity in the event some advanced nuclear power credits that would otherwise be available to taxpayers may go unused. Specifically, the Committee wants to ensure the full utilization of all 6,000 megawatts of credit-eligible advanced nuclear power national capacity by requiring unutilized capacity to be reallocated. In addition, the Committee wants to ensure that tax-exempt entities receiving credit allocations may transfer those credits to other participants in an advanced nuclear power project. The Committee therefore believes that the modifications to the credit will provide necessary clarity in these areas.

EXPLANATION OF PROVISION

The provision modifies the allocation of the national megawatt capacity limitation for the advanced nuclear power production credit. To the extent any amount of the 6,000 megawatts of authorized capacity remains unutilized, the provision requires the Secretary to allocate such capacity first to facilities placed in service before the year 2021, to the extent such facilities did not receive an allocation equal to their full nameplate capacity, and then to facilities placed in service after such date in the order in which such facilities are placed in service. The provision provides that the present law placed-in-service sunset date of January 1, 2021, does not apply with respect to allocations of such unutilized national megawatt capacity.

The provision also allows qualified public entities to elect to forgo credits to which they otherwise would be entitled in favor of an eligible project partner. Qualified

115 Bill Profile H.R. 1551 (2017-2018)

TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES

Sponsor: Representative Tom Rice (R - SC)

Cosponsors: 32 Total Cosponsors: 9 Democrats / 23 Republicans

Introduced: March 15, 2017

Last Action: Reported in the House, as amended



Overview

Actions

Committees

Sponsors

Related publications

Bill text

Committees Actions (2)

≛Download as spreadsheet

Filter by type. All actions 🔻

Date -	Туре	Committee				
June 20, 2017	referral	Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union				
March 15, 2017	referral	House Committee on Ways and Means				





Hearings & Events



September	*	2017	*
	FILTER		

Past Events -





Results for 1551

House Approves Bipartisan Bill to Strengthen America's Energy Independence & National Security

O JUNE 20, 2017 - PRESS RELEASES

WASHINGTON, D.C. – Today, the House passed bipartisan legislation – introduced by Ways and Means Committee Members Tom Rice (R-SC) and Earl Blumenauer (D-OR) – to help strengthen our nation's energy independence and national security by improving the operation of the Nuclear Production Tax Credit (

READ MORE

W&M Takes Bipartisan Action to Help Americans Get Back to Work, Strengthen America's Energy Security

@ JUNE 15, 2017 - BLOG

Today, the Ways and Means Committee approved two pieces of bipartisan legislation – one focused on helping Americans get back to work and another focused on strengthening our nation's energy security: The Accelerating Individuals into the Workforce Act (H.R. 2842), introduced by ...

READ MORE

W&M Takes Bipartisan Action to Help Americans Get Back to Work, Strengthen America's Energy Security

@ JUNE 15, 2017 - BLOG

Today, the Ways and Means Committee approved two pieces of bipartisan legislation – one focused on helping Americans get back to work and another focused on strengthening our nation's energy security:

The Accelerating Individuals into the Workforce Act (H.R. 2842), introduced by Reps. Carlos Curbelo (R-FL) and Danny Davis (D-IL). Their legislation will help connect Americans looking for work with the employers looking to fill job openings, including through apprenticeships and other forms of on-the-job training. The legislation was approved with an amendment, offered by Reps. Suzan DelBene (D-WA) and Dave Reichert (R-WA), that requires at least one of the programs funded to be an apprenticeship program. As Rep. Curbelo said about his legislation:

"Instead of an inflexible, Washington-designed program, this legislation is reflective of the fact that every community has unique challenges that present barriers to finding a job ... Poverty is an issue that affects each our districts. We need innovative solutions that can help get people on track to a brighter future. This legislation is a step in the right direction."

As Rep. Davis added:

"Research is clear. Subsidized employment and career pathways successfully engage people in employment, especially those who have been unsuccessful in finding paid employment through their efforts ... I'm pleased to join with Representative Curbelo in this effort."

 Legislation to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities (H.R. 1551), introduced by Reps. Tom Rice (R-SC) and Earl Blumenauer (D-OR). The bill clarifies existing law to help ensure the effective operation of the tax credit for nuclear energy











"Research is clear. Subsidized employment and career pathways successfully engage people in employment, especially those who have been unsuccessful in finding paid employment through their efforts ... I'm pleased to join with Representative Curbelo in this effort."

 Legislation to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities (H.R. 1551), introduced by Reps. Tom Rice (R-SC) and Earl Blumenauer (D-OR). The bill clarifies existing law to help ensure the effective operation of the tax credit for nuclear energy production. As Rep. Rice said about the urgent need to pass this legislation:

"Passing this legislation is more important now than ever. **If these facilities shut down tomorrow, it will immediately cost 12,000 jobs in South Carolina and Georgia**. It will cost the ratepayers hundreds if not thousands of dollars in increases to their utility bills. And, most alarming, our national security will be jeopardized as countries like China and Russia continue to make massive investments in nuclear."

As Rep. Blumenauer said:

"I think being able to proceed with these elements helps in terms of the issue that my friend from South Carolina talked about. It will also promote the development of the smaller scale, very efficient technology which could have – I think – broad application and is worth our pursuing... I think this is an important tool to have, and I am happy to support it."

CLICK HERE to learn more about today's markup

CLICK HERE to read Chairman Brady's opening statement from today's markup.

SUBCOMMITTEE: A HUMAN RESOURCES SUBCOMMITTEE: A TAX POLICY

RELATED

Hearing on the Internal Revenue Service's Information Technology Modernizati Efforts

Markup of Legislation to Modify the Nuclear Production Tax Credit

O JUNE 15, 2017 — MARKUP

Meeting Information

Thursday, June 15, 2017, at 10:00 AM in Room 1100 of the Longworth House Office Building

Markup of:

 H.R. 1551, "To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities"

Members are also advised of possible continued consideration of any of the below bills if unfinished from the June 14, 2017 markup:

- . R. 2742, "Modernizing the Interstate Placement of Children in Foster Care Act"
- H.R. 2857, "Supporting Families in Substance Abuse Treatment Act"
- H.R. 2834, "Partnership Grants to Strengthen Families Affected by Parental Substance Abuse Act"
- H.R. 2866, "Reducing Barriers for Relative Foster Parents Act"
- H.R. 2847, "Improving Services for Older Youth in Foster Care Act"
- H.R. 2842, "Accelerating Individuals into the Workforce Act"

Additional Markup Materials



- JCT Description of H.R. 1551
- Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to H.R. 1551
- JCT Description of Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to H.R. 1551 (Green Sheet)

DESCRIPTION OF H.R. 1551, A BILL TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES

Scheduled for Markup
by the
HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS
on June 15, 2017

Prepared by the Staff
of the
JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

A. Advanced Nuclear Power Production Credit

Present Law

Taxpayers producing electricity at a qualifying advanced nuclear power facility may claim a credit equal to 1.8 cents per kilowatt-hour of electricity produced for the eight-year period starting when the facility is placed in service.² The aggregate amount of credit that a taxpayer may claim in any year during the eight-year period is subject to limitation based on allocated capacity and an annual limitation as described below.

An advanced nuclear facility is any nuclear facility for the production of electricity, the reactor design for which was approved after 1993 by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. For this purpose, a qualifying advanced nuclear facility does not include any facility for which a substantially similar design for a facility of comparable capacity was approved before 1994.

A qualifying advanced nuclear facility is an advanced nuclear facility for which the taxpayer has received an allocation of megawatt capacity from the Secretary of the Treasury ("the Secretary") and is placed in service before January 1, 2021. The taxpayer may only claim credit for production of electricity equal to the ratio of the allocated capacity that the taxpayer receives from the Secretary to the rated nameplate capacity of the taxpayer's facility. For example, if the taxpayer receives an allocation of 750 megawatts of capacity from the Secretary and the taxpayer's facility has a rated nameplate capacity of 1,000 megawatts, then the taxpayer may claim three-quarters of the otherwise allowable credit, or 1.35 cents per kilowatt-hour, for each kilowatt-hour of electricity produced at the facility (subject to the annual limitation described below). The credit is restricted to 6,000 megawatts of national capacity. Once that limitation has been reached, the Secretary may make no additional allocations. Treasury guidance required allocation applications to be filed before February 1, 2014.³

Description of Proposal

The proposal modifies the national megawatt capacity limitation for the advanced nuclear power production credit. To the extent any amount of the 6,000 megawatts of authorized capacity remains unutilized, the proposal requires the Secretary to allocate such capacity first to facilities placed in service before the year 2021, to the extent such facilities did not receive an allocation equal to their full nameplate capacity, and then to facilities placed in service after such date in the order in which such facilities are placed in service. The proposal provides that the present law placed-in-service sunset date of January 1, 2021, does not apply with respect to allocations of such unutilized national megawatt capacity.

The proposal also allows qualified public entities to elect to forgo credits to which they otherwise would be entitled in favor of an eligible project partner. Qualified public entities are defined as (1) a Federal, State, or local government of any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof; (2) a mutual or cooperative electric company; or (3) a not-for-profit electric utility which has or had received a loan or loan guarantee under the Rural Electrification Act of 1936. An eligible project partner under the proposal generally includes any person who designed or constructed the nuclear power plant, participates in the provision of nuclear steam or nuclear fuel to the power plant, or has an ownership interest in the facility. In the case of a facility owned by a partnership, where the credit is determined at the partnership level, any electing qualified public entity is treated as the taxpayer with respect to such entity's distributive share of such credits, and any other partner is an eligible project partner.

Effective Date

The proposal requiring the allocation of unutilized national megawatt capacity limitation is effective on the date of enactment. The proposal allowing an election by qualified public entities to forgo credits in favor of an eligible project partner is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017.

B. Estimated Revenue Effect

Fiscal Years [Millions of Dollars]

<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>	<u>2018-22</u>	<u>2018-27</u>
	[1]	-1	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-5	-16

NOTE: Details do not add to totals due to rounding.

[1] Loss of less than \$500,000.











"Research is clear. Subsidized employment and career pathways successfully engage people in employment, especially those who have been unsuccessful in finding paid employment through their efforts ... I'm pleased to join with Representative Curbelo in this effort."

 Legislation to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities (H.R. 1551), introduced by Reps. Tom Rice (R-SC) and Earl Blumenauer (D-OR). The bill clarifies existing law to help ensure the effective operation of the tax credit for nuclear energy production. As Rep. Rice said about the urgent need to pass this legislation:

"Passing this legislation is more important now than ever. **If these facilities shut down tomorrow, it will immediately cost 12,000 jobs in South Carolina and Georgia**. It will cost the ratepayers hundreds if not thousands of dollars in increases to their utility bills. And, most alarming, our national security will be jeopardized as countries like China and Russia continue to make massive investments in nuclear."

As Rep. Blumenauer said:

"I think being able to proceed with these elements helps in terms of the issue that my friend from South Carolina talked about. It will also promote the development of the smaller scale, very efficient technology which could have – I think – broad application and is worth our pursuing... I think this is an important tool to have, and I am happy to support it."

CLICK HERE to learn more about today's markup.

CLICK HERE to read Chairman Brady's opening statement from today's markup.

SUBCOMMITTEE: A HUMAN RESOURCES SUBCOMMITTEE: A TAX POLICY

RELATED

Hearing on the Internal Revenue Service's Information Technology Modernizati Efforts

Chairman Brady Opening Statement at Markup of Bipartisan Bills to Help Americans Get Back to Work and to Strengthen America's Energy Security

O JUNE 15, 2017 — OPENING STATEMENTS — PRESS RELEASES

WASHINGTON, D.C. – House Ways and Means Committee Chairman Kevin Brady (R-TX) today delivered the following opening statement at a markup of bipartisan bills to help more Americans get back to work and to strengthen America's energy security.

CLICK HERE to watch today's markup.

Remarks as delivered:

"Good morning. Before we start today, I want to take a moment to speak about the shooting that occurred yesterday morning at our practice for today's Congressional Baseball Game.

"Our prayers continue to be with everyone who was injured – members, staff, friends, and first responders. That includes Majority Whip Steve Scalise, a roommate of mine and Erik Paulsen's, and a widely-respected leader in Congress.

"And we're deeply grateful – all of us – for the actions taken yesterday by Capitol Police officers to protect our friends, colleagues, and the surrounding community.

"Again, to those who were injured, we're all praying for your swift and successful recovery."

"Mow let's hegin

Advanced Q

Sign In

Contac

Current Legislation

Examples: hr5, sres9, "health care"

Q

Most-Viewed Bills | Top 10

H.R. 2810 [115th] National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 H.R.367 [115th] Hearing Protection Act of 2017 H.R.3668 [115th] SHARE Act

Bill Searches and Lists

By Sponsor, House | Senate Introduced | Active Legislation (Senate.gov) Public Laws | U.S. Code Appropriations

Search Tools

Current Legislative Activities

115th Congress (2017-2018)

House of Representatives



Today: Sep. 28, 2017 The House convened at 9:00 a.m.

On the Floor Today

- H.R.2792
- H.R.3823
- S.1866

Previous Meeting: Sep. 27, 2017

House Links

House Floor Activities Committee Hearings Video Committee Hearings Schedule

Senate

Quick Q



Today: Sep. 28, 2017 The Senate convened at 9:30 a.m.

On the Floor Today

- PN586
- PN89

Previous Meeting: Sep. 27, 2017

Senate Links

On the Senate Floor Committee Hearings Schedule Communications to the Senate Nominations Treaty Documents

Recent

Yesterday in Congress Bill Texts

Calendars and Schedules

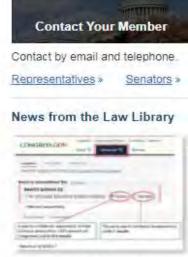
Committee Reports

Roll Call Votes

Presented to President

The Congressional Record

Read the latest legislative activity. Quick Search | Browse by Date

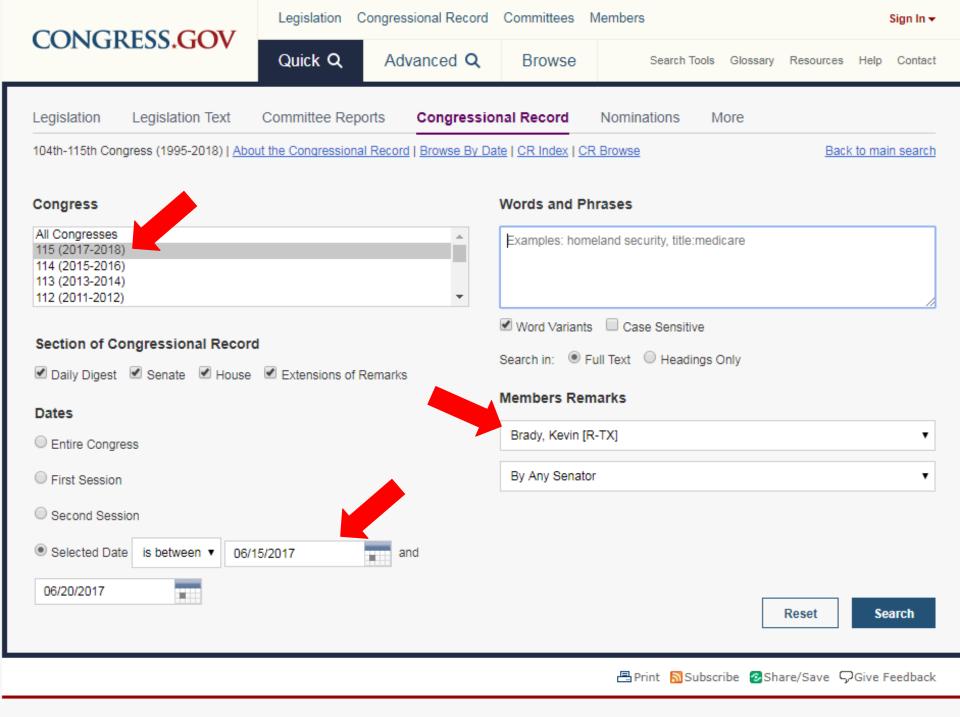


September 25, 2017 by Andrew Weber

Congress.gov Tip, Top, and Nev for September 2017, Part 2 We continue our new short sprint

development cycle for Congress.gov that we started in July and have continued in ...more

More from the Law Library Blog »









- 1. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2018 (September 07, 2017 House (Vol. 163, No. 144))
- 2. MEDICARE PART B IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2017 (July 25, 2017 House (Vol. 163, No. 125))
- 3. HONORING MICHAEL "MATT" PATRICK RYAN (July 13, 2017 House (Vol. 163, No. 118))
- 4. IN HONOR OF MICHAEL "MATT" PATRICK RYAN (July 11, 2017 Extensions of Remarks (Vol. 163, No. 116))
- 5. IN HONOR OF THE PINEY WOODS VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS POST 4816 (June 29, 2017 Extensions of Remarks (Vol. 163, No. 112))
- 6. IN MEMORY OF PAUL BERLIN (June 29, 2017 Extensions of Remarks (Vol. 163, No. 112))
- 7. PROTECTING ACCESS TO CARE ACT OF 2017 (June 28, 2017 House (Vol. 163, No. 111))
- 8. MODIFICATIONS OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES (June 20, 2017 House (Vol. 163, No. 105))



➡ Print Subscribe Share/Save

Give Feedback



MODIFICATIONS OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES

Mr. RICE of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (<u>H.R. 1551</u>) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1551

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. MODIFICATIONS OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES.

- (a) Treatment of Unutilized Limitation Amounts.--Section 45J(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended--
- (1) in paragraph (4), by inserting ``or any amendment to'' after ``enactment of'', and
 - (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 - ``(5) Allocation of unutilized limitation.--
- ``(A) In general.--Any unutilized national megawatt capacity limitation shall be allocated by the Secretary under paragraph (3) as rapidly as is practicable after December 31, 2020--
- ``(i) first to facilities placed in service on or before such date to the extent that such facilities did not receive an allocation equal to their full nameplate capacity, and
- ``(ii) then to facilities placed in service after such date in the order in which such facilities are placed in service.
- ``(B) Unutilized national megawatt capacity limitation.--The term `unutilized national megawatt capacity limitation' means the excess (if any) of--
 - ``(i) 6,000 megawatts, over
 - (1) 0,000 megawaccs, over



INFORMATION FOR:

Prospective Students Current Students Alumni Visitors & Friends Employers

Faculty & Staff Donors

THE SCHOOL

ACADEMICS

FACULTY

ADMISSIONS

FINANCIAL AID

LAW LIBRARY



<u>Law Library</u> > <u>Finding Resources</u> > <u>Research Databases</u> > Browsing Databases by Category

Legal Research Center

About the LRC

Find Resources

Research Databases

Research Instruction and Trainings

Legal Journals

Research Guides

Local Area Law Guides

Interlibrary Loan

Recent Acquisitions

Student Resources

Library Services

Faculty Resources

Policy and Administrative Resources

Bloomberg law

Individual user access is given to USD law students and faculty. You must register with Bloomberg to gain access to its products and services.

More Information

BNA's Tax Management

The Tax and Accounting Center is organized by subject or "Practice Area," accessible via the tabs located at the top of any of the "home" pages. Clicking the "All" tab at the far left will enable you to access all the content that is included in USd's subscription.

More Information

LAW ONLY

FULL-TEXT

MOBILE APP (APPLE)

MOBILE APP (ANDROID)

LAW ONLY

FULL-TEXT

MOBILE APP (APPLE)

MOBILE APP (ANDROID)

CONTACT:

Pardee Legal Research Center

Pardee Legal Research Center Main: (619) 260-4542 Reference: (619) 260-4612 Fax: (619) 260-4616 Email Pardee Legal Research Center

Current Hours of Operation

Directory

f 10

LRC Printing

Study Tools and Materials

Research Databases

Faculty Quick Links

Checkpoint (RIA)

Portfolio Plus

You must be using a Mozilla Firefox or Internet Explorer browser, RIA Checkpoint provides access to tax and accounting topics such as: Federal Tax; State & Local Tax; International Tax; Accounting, Auditing, and Corporate Finance; Estate Planning; Payroll; Pension and Benefits. check point

More Information

USD ONLY

FULL-TEXT

CLICK FOR SHORT TUTORIAL ON USING THIS DATABASE, VIDEO TUTORIAL

MORII E APP



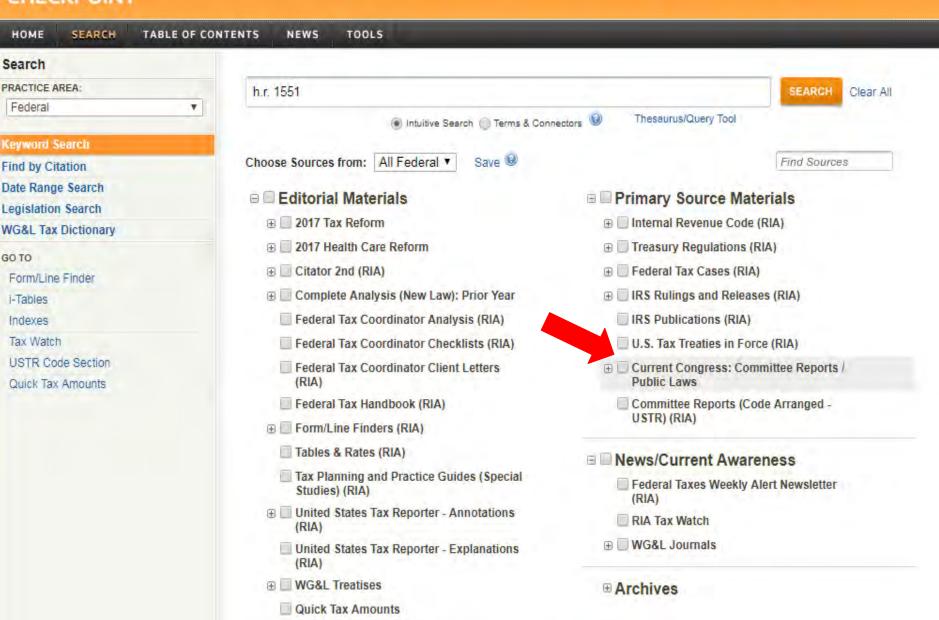


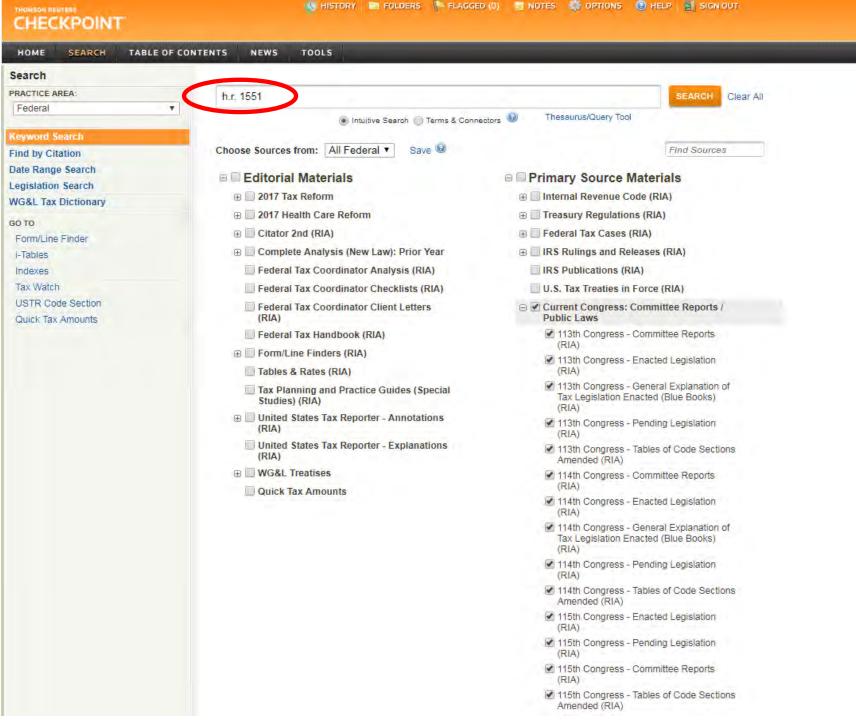












Site Naviga

All Documents Source List Table of Contents











20 best results

Primary Source Materials

Current Congress: Committee Reports / Public Laws	
★ 113th Congress - Committee Reports (RIA)	6
★ 113th Congress - Enacted Legislation (RIA)	3
113th Congress - General Explanation of Tax Legislation Enacted (Blue Books) (RIA)	0
	3
113th Congress - Tables of Code Sections Amended (RIA)	0
114th Congress - Committee Reports (RIA)	0
	1
114th Congress - General Explanation of Tax Legislation Enacted (Blue Books) (RIA)	0
	2
114th Congress - Tables of Code Sections Amended (RIA)	0
115th Congress - Enacted Legislation (RIA)	0
	2
★ □ 115th Congress - Committee Reports (RIA)	3
Committee Reports for JCX-29-17, H.R.1551	
115th Congress - Committee Reports (RIA)	
Committee Reports for HR 115-183, H.R.1551	
A A A A 115th Congress Committee Paparts (PIA)	
Committee Reports for JCX-28-17, H.R.1551	
115th Congress - Committee Reports (RIA)	
115th Congress - Tables of Code Sections Amended (RIA)	0



















Navigate by:









Committee Report for HR115-183, HR1551

TO AMEND THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 TO MODIFY THE CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES [H. Rept. 115-183 6/20/2017]

115TH CONGRESS 1st Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 115-183

JUNE 20, 2017.-Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. BRADY of Texas, from the Committee on Ways and Means, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 1551]

[Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]

The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 1551) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the credit for production from advanced nuclear power facilities, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with an amendment and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

CONTENTS

I. SUMMARY AND BACKGROUND

A. Purpose and Summary

Research Databases

Legal Research Center About the LRC Find Resources Research Databases Research Instruction and Trainings Legal Journals Research Guides Local Area Law Guides Interlibrary Loan Recent Acquisitions Student Resources Library Services

Browse Alphabetically by Title

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Find by Subject or Database Title

enter search term

Search

Browse by Category

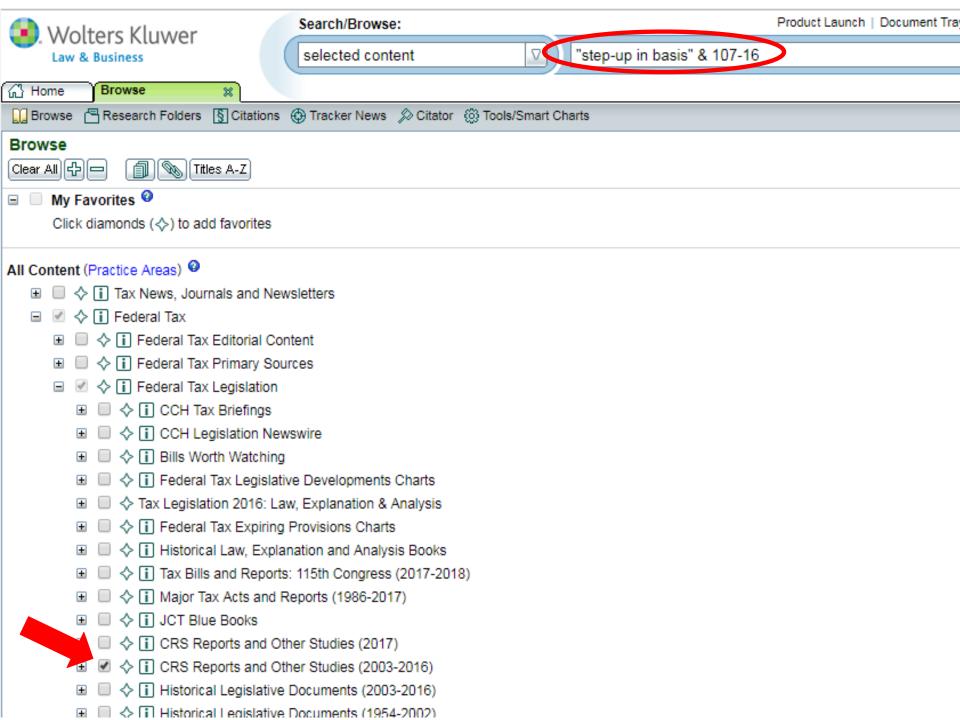
- Tax Law
- Foreign and International Law
- California Law
- Federal Law
- Historical Law
- News/Reports/Reviews/Legal Commentary

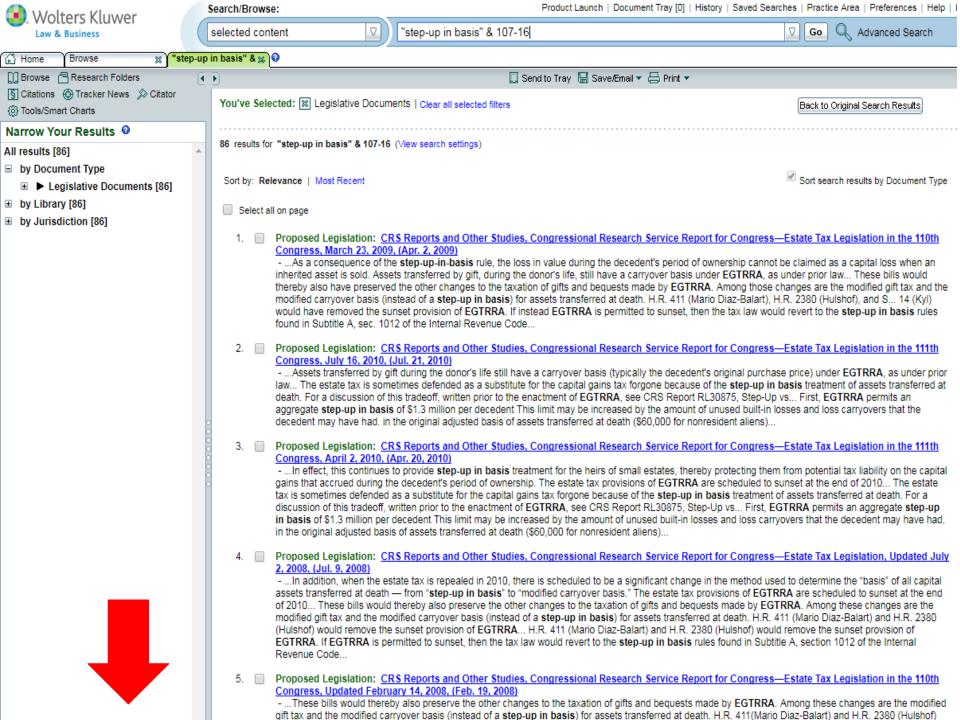
Other Resources

IntelliConnect (CCH)

IntelliConnect provides access under USD Law's subscription to publications, forms, practice guides, and practice tools in over 38 legal practice areas. (Please create your individual account at first login using your sandiego.edu email address.) Keywords: tax

More Information





- 6. Proposed Legislation: CRS Reports and Other Studies, Congressional Research Service Report for Congress—Estate Tax Legislation in the 111th Congress, January 5, 2010, (Jan. 13, 2010)
 - ...As a consequence of the step-up-in-basis rule, a loss in value during the decedent's period of ownership cannot be claimed as a capital loss when an inherited asset is sold. Assets transferred by gift during the donor's life still have a carryover basis under EGTRRA, as under prior law... First, EGTRRA permits an aggregate step-up in basis of \$1.3 million per decedent This limit may be increased by the amount of unused built-in losses and loss carryovers that the decedent may have had, in the original adjusted basis of assets transferred at death (\$60,000 for nonresident aliens)... If the choice is to repeal the estate tax, questions still remain as to whether assets transferred at death should have a carryover basis or step-up in basis See the earlier section on Current Law: The Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 for an explanation of step-up and carryover basis...
- 7. Proposed Legislation: <u>CR\$ Reports and Other Studies, Congressional Research Service Report for Congress—Estate Tax Legislation in the 111th Congress, December 2, 2009, (Dec. 10, 2009)</u>
 If the choice is to repeal the estate tax, questions still remain as to whether assets transferred at death should have a carryover basis or **step-up in basis** See pages 4-5 in the next section on Current Law: The Economic Growth and **Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001** for an explanation of step-up and carryover basis... As a consequence of the **step-up-in-basis** rule, a loss in value during the decedent's period of ownership cannot be claimed as a capital loss when an inherited asset is sold. Assets transferred by gift during the donor's life still have a carryover basis under **EGTRRA**, as under prior law... **EGTRRA** permits an aggregate **step-up in basis** of \$1.3 million per decedent This limit may be increased by the amount of unused built-in losses and loss carryovers that the decedent may have had, in the original adjusted basis of assets transferred at death (\$60,000 for nonresident aliens)...
- 8. Proposed Legislation: <u>CRS Reports and Other Studies, Congressional Research Service Report for Congress—Estate Tax Legislation in the 109th Congress, Updated July 31, 2006, (Aug. 4, 2006)</u>
 In short, the practical effect of these two exceptions to carryover basis is to maintain a step-up in basis for smaller estates. If the sunset provision were repealed with respect to Title V of EGTRRA, then the modified carryover basis rules introduced by EGTRRA would continue in effect after 2010 when the estate tax is permanently repealed... However, if EGTRRA is permitted to sunset, then the tax law would revert to the step-up in basis rules found in Subtitle A, Section 1012 of the Internal Revenue Code... They would also repeal the modified carryover basis introduced by EGTRRA for determining the cost basis of assets transferred at

CRS Reports and Other Studies, Congressional Research Service Report for Congress—Estate Tax Legislation in the 111th Congress, January 5, 2010

2010ARD 008-102 111th Congress

Estate Tax Legislation in the 111 th Congress



Specialist in Public Finance

January 5, 2010

Congressional Research Service

7-5700

www.crs.gov

R40964

Summary

The federal government levies an estate tax on the net value of assets transferred to individuals (other than the surviving spouse) upon a person's death. Under provisions of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001» (EGTRRA; P.L. 107-16), for people who died in 2009, the applicable exclusion amount (exemption) under the estate tax was \$3.5 million per decedent, and the maximum estate tax rate was 45%. For people who die in 2010, there is no estate tax. However, the gift tax, associated with the estate tax, is scheduled to remain in place in 2010, with a cumulative lifetime exclusion of \$1 million (above and beyond the annual gift exclusion of \$13,000 per donor per recipient) and a maximum tax rate of 35%. In addition, when the estate tax is repealed in 2010, there is scheduled to be a significant change in the method used to determine the "basis" of all capital assets transferred at death—from "step-up in basis" to "modified carryover basis."

The estate tax provisions of «EGTRRA» are scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010. If Congress does not change the law beforehand, on January 1, 2011, estate and gift tax law will return to what it would have been had EGTRRA never been enacted. The unified estate and gift tax would be reinstated with a unified (combined) exclusion of \$1 million. The maximum tax rate would rise back to 55%, plus a 5% surtax on taxable estate value from \$10.0 million to \$17.184 million.

lifetime limit for gifts (from an individual to any other individual) remains in effect. The dollar amount of the annual exclusion was set at \$10,000 as of 1998, and indexed for inflation thereafter. The value of the annual gift exclusion was \$12,000 for 2007 and 2008, and is \$13,000 for 2009 and 2010.

In addition, when the estate tax is repealed in 2010, there is scheduled to be a significant change in the method used to determine the tax "basis" of capital assets transferred at death—from "stepup in basis" to "modified carryover basis." The basis is the "cost" of a capital asset that is subtracted from the sales proceeds in order to calculate the "capital gain" that is subject to income tax after an inherited asset is sold by the heir. 8

Under the law in place through 2009, and which is scheduled to resume in 2011, a «*step-up in basis*» rule applies to capital assets transferred at death. ⁹ Under the step-up rule, the cost basis of an asset is set at the value of the asset on the decedent's date of death. ¹⁰ If the heir sells the asset, his or her capital gain is calculated as the difference between the sales price and the **stepped-up basis**, not the decedent's original purchase price (which is called the *carryover basis*). The practical effect of the **step-up in basis** is to permanently forgive the income tax liability on the increase in value of the asset (the capital gain) during the decedent's period of ownership. ¹¹

Assets transferred by gift during the donor's life still have a carryover basis under «EGTRRA», as under prior law.

The estate tax is sometimes defended as a substitute for the forgone capital gains tax. 12 Consistent with this argument, an important tradeoff that «EGTRRA» made for the repeal of the estate tax in 2010 was the return to a carryover basis for assets transferred at death. 13 However, two important exceptions were made in what is called a *modified carryover basis*. First, EGTRRA permits an aggregate step-up in basis of \$1.3 million per decedent 14 in the original adjusted basis of assets transferred at death (\$60,000 for nonresident aliens). Second, an additional step-up of up to \$3 million is permitted for assets transferred to a surviving spouse. (These dollar amounts are indexed for inflation. 15) The executor of the estate is left with the task of allocating the step-up allowance among specific assets.

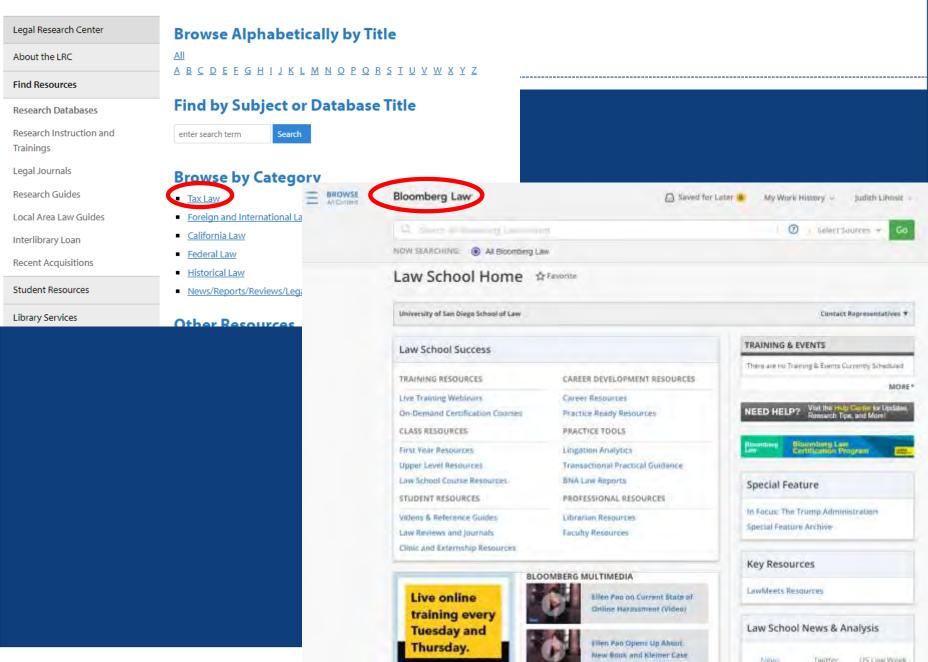
The basis offsets apply to the *net* increase in value of the assets, not the *gross* value of the assets. Thus, the \$1.3 million step-up allowance might cover all of the capital gains in a gross estate valued at \$2 million or \$3 million or more. The spousal step-up allowance of \$3 million itself could cover the gains in an estate with a gross value of \$4 million or \$5 million or more. The practical effect of the individual and spousal step-up allowances is to maintain a «step-up in basis» for smaller estates.

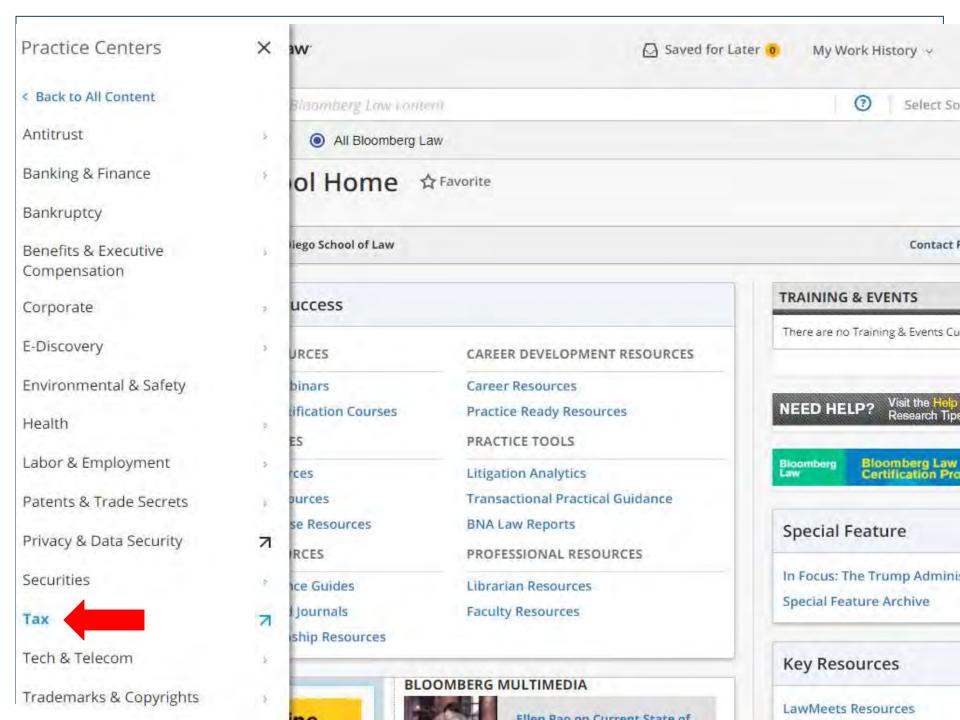
Whatever basis-valuation rule is in effect for the year of death applies to all capital assets transferred after any person's death, whether or not their estate is large enough to be liable for the estate tax. It determines the cost basis that all heirs must use to calculate the capital gain if they sell an inherited capital asset.

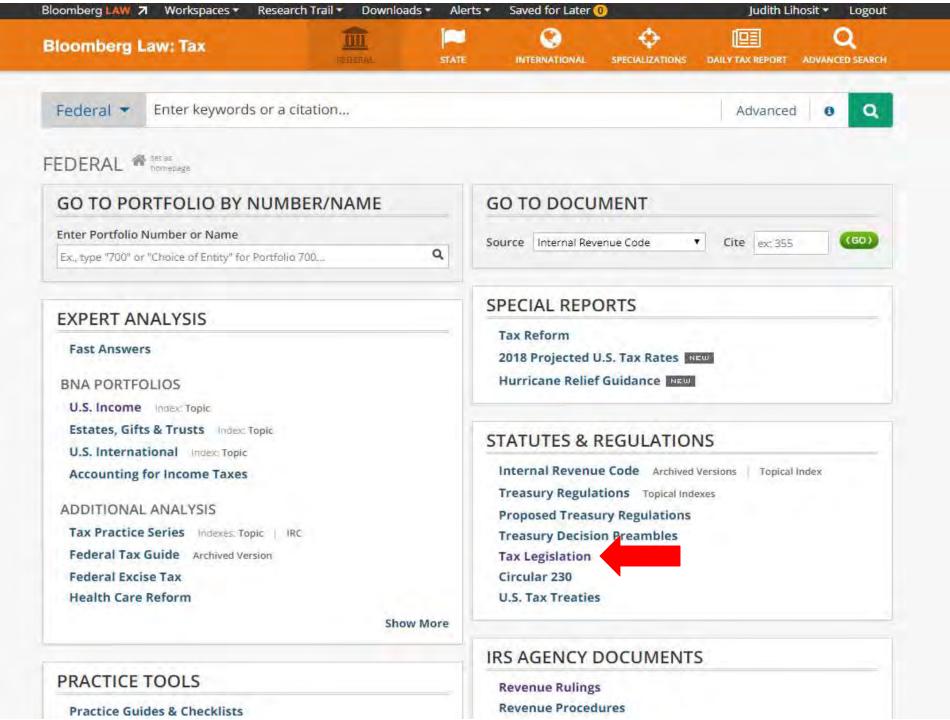
The estate tax repeal, and all other provisions of «**EGTRRA**», are scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010. ¹⁶ If Congress does not change the law beforehand, on January 1, 2011, estate and gift tax law will return to what it would have been had **EGTRRA** never been enacted. The unified estate and gift tax would be reinstated, with a combined exclusion of \$1 million. ¹⁷ The special deduction for qualified family-owned business interests (QFOBI) would be restored, with a maximum value of \$1.3 million in combination with the applicable exclusion amount. The maximum tax rate would revert (from 45% in 2007 through 2009) to 55%, with a 5% surtax on taxable estate values over \$10.0 million and up to \$17.184 million. **Step-up in basis** would again be the rule for assets transferred at death. The credit for state death taxes would be reinstated; the deduction for state death taxes would be dropped.

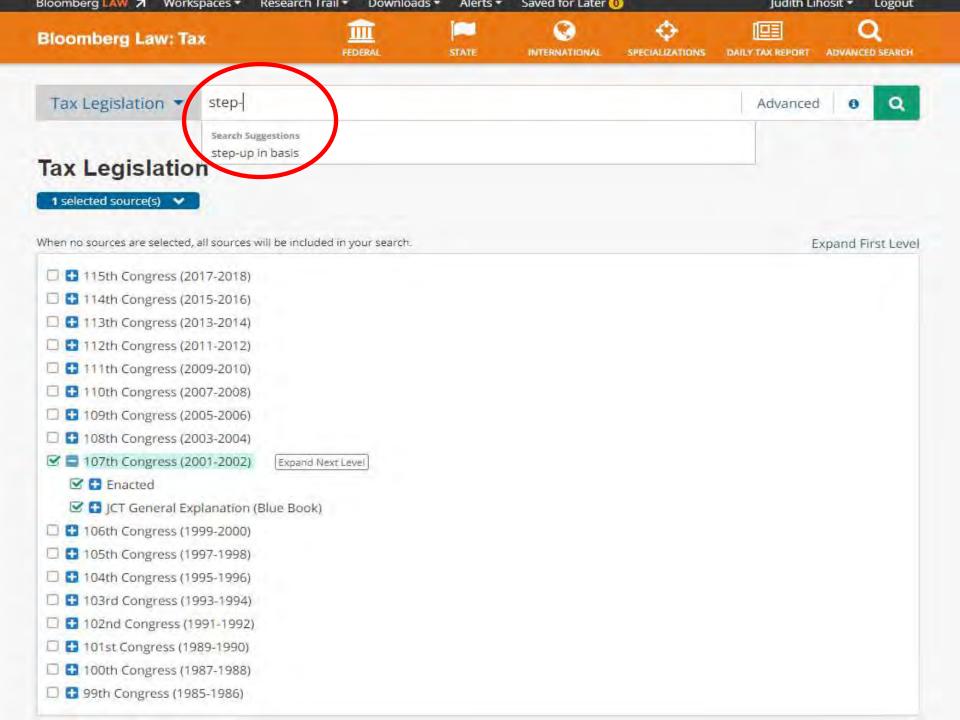
H.R. 4154, Division A, the Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009

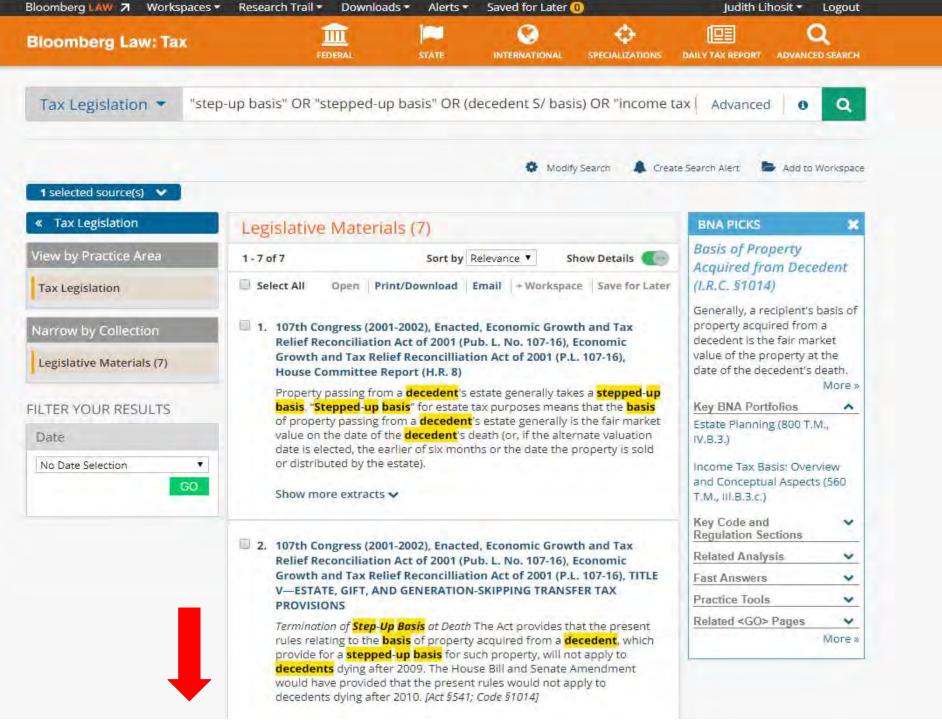
Research Databases











Show more extracts >

3. 107th Congress (2001-2002), Enacted, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Pub. L. No. 107-16), Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconcilliation Act of 2001 (P.L. 107-16), Senate Committee Report (S. 896)

Property passing from a **decedent**'s estate generally takes a **stepped-up basis**. "**Stepped-up basis**" for estate tax purposes means that the **basis** of property passing from a **decedent**'s estate generally is the fair market value on the date of the **decedent**'s death (or, if the alternate valuation date is elected, the earlier of six months after the **decedent**'s death or the date the property is sold or distributed by the estate).

Show more extracts >

4. 107th Congress (2001-2002), Enacted, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Pub. L. No. 107-16), Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconcilliation Act of 2001 (P.L. 107-16), House Bill Language (H.R. 8)

"(2) the basis of the person acquiring property from the decedent shall be the lesser of—"(A) the adjusted basis of the decedent, or "(B) the fair market value of the property at the date of the decedent's death. "(b) BASIS INCREASE FOR CERTAIN PROPERTY.—"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of property to which this subsection applies, the basis of such property under subsection (a) shall be increased by its basis increase under this subsection.

Show more extracts >

 107th Congress (2001-2002), Enacted, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Pub. L. No. 107-16), Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (P.L. 107-16), Conference Report

Property passing from a **decedent**'s estate generally takes a **stepped-up basis**. "**Stepped-up basis**" for estate tax purposes means that the **basis** of property passing from a **decedent**'s estate generally is the fair market value on the date of the **decedent**'s death (or, if the alternate valuation date is elected, the earlier of six months after the **decedent**'s death or the date the property is sold or distributed by the estate).

Show more extracts

Legislative Materials

107th Congress (2001-2002), Enacted, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of...





Jump To *

Senate Committee Report (S. 896)

RESTORING EARNINGS TO LIFT INDIVIDUALS AND EMPOWER FAMILIES (RELIEF) ACT OF 2001

RESTORING EARNINGS TO LIFT INDIVIDUALS AND EMPOWER FAMILIES (RELIEF) ACT OF 2001, TECHNICAL EXPLANATION OF PROVISIONS APPROVED BY THE COMMITTEE ON MAY 15, 2001, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, UNITED STATES SENATE

I. MARGINAL TAX RATE REDUCTION

A. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATE STRUCTURE (SEC. 101 OF THE BILL AND SEC. 1 OF THE CODE) —

Present Law

Under the Federal individual income tax system, an individual who is a citizen or a resident of the United States generally is subject to tax on worldwide taxable income. Taxable income is total gross income less certain exclusions, exemptions, and deductions. An individual may claim either a standard deduction or itemized deductions.

An individual's income tax liability is determined by computing his or her regular income tax liability and, if applicable, alternative minimum tax liability.





107th Congress (2001-2002), Enacted, Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of...



Basis of property acquired from a decedent

In general

Beginning in 2011, after the estate and generation-skipping transfer taxes have been repealed, the present-law rules providing for a fair market value basis for property acquired from a decedent are repealed. Instead, a modified carryover basis regime generally takes effect. Recipients of property transferred at the decedent's death will receive a basis equal to the lesser of the adjusted basis of the decedent or the fair market value of the property on the date of the decedent's death.

The modified carryover **basis** rules apply to: (1) property acquired from bequest, devise, or inheritance, or by the **decedent**'s estate from the **decedent**; (2) property passing from the **decedent** to the extent such property passed without consideration; and (3) certain other property to which the present law rules apply.⁴²

42 Sec. 1014(b)(2) and (3).

Property acquired from a decedent is treated as if the property had been acquired by gift. Thus, the character of gain on the sale of property received from a decedent's estate is carried over to the heir. For example, real estate that has been depreciated and would be subject to recapture if sold by the decedent will be subject to recapture if sold by the heir.

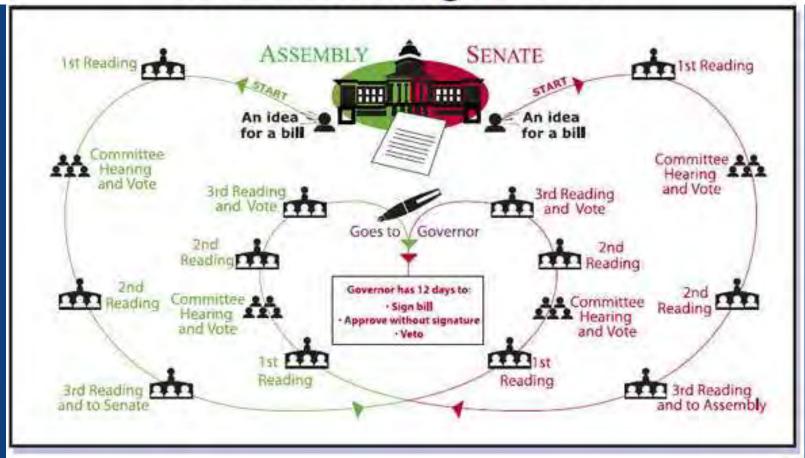
Property to which the modified carryover basis rules apply

The modified carryover **basis** rules apply to property acquired from the **decedent**. Property acquired from the decedent is (1) property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritance, (2) property acquired by the decedent's estate from the decedent, (3) property transferred by the decedent to a qualified revocable trust (as defined in section 645), (4) property transferred by the decedent during his lifetime in trust with the right reserved to the decedent at all times before his death to make any change to the enjoyment thereof through the exercise of a power to alter, amend, or terminate the trust, ⁴³ (5)



CALIFORNIA REPUBLIC

The Lawmaking Process



Key Cal. Legislative Abbreviations

- A.B. = Assembly Bill
- S.B. = Senate Bill
- "Chapter" a bill = after Governor signs, a bill is assigned a Chapter number

California Legislative Websites

- California Legislative Information <u>http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/</u>
 Official site for CA laws and bills
- Cal. State Assembly http://clerk.assembly.ca.gov/
- Cal. State Senate <u>http://senate.ca.gov/</u>
- California State Board of Equalization <u>http://www.boe.ca.gov/legdiv/legcont.htm</u>
- California Franchise Tax Board <u>https://www.ftb.ca.gov/law/legis/index.shtml</u>
- Westlaw & Lexis





Home

Bill Information

California Law

Publications

Other Resources

My Subscriptions

My Favorites

home

TODAY'S SCHEDULE

Wed, Sep 27, 2017

WELCOME

Welcome to the website for California Legislative Information! This site has been updated to include legislative publications starting with the 2017 session and forward.

A "Daily Updates" report feature has been added. The report displays, by house, measures for which there was activity the previous day such as new analyses, hearings, placement on the Daily File, amendments, History actions, or votes. Measures prior to 1999 can be still be found at http://leginfo.ca.gov which will remain as an archive for legislative information.

To access a complete listing of California Law Codes and Bill Search features, click the California Law or Bill Ix mation Tabs on the Tabbed Panel above.

Quick Bill Search:

Quick Code Search:

Codo DTO

Go

Bill Number	Code RTC •
	Code Section 62
Keywords(s)	Keywords(s)



Effective: January 1, 2015

West's Ann.Cal.Rev. & T.Code § 62

§ 62. Change in ownership; exclusions

Currentness

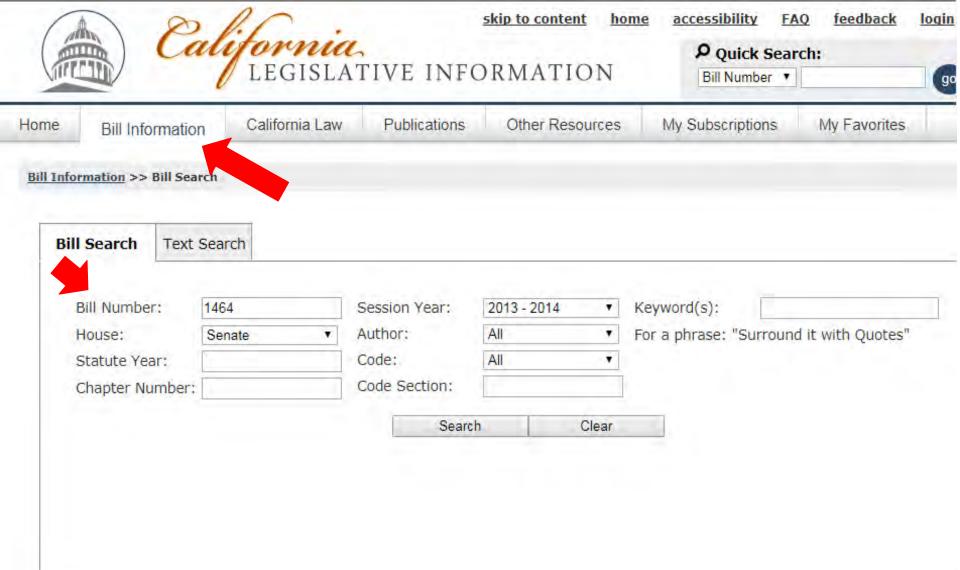
Change in ownership shall not include:

- (a)(1) Any transfer between coowners that results in a change in the method of holding title to the real property transferred without changing the proportional interests of the coowners in that real property, such as a partition of a tenancy in common.
- (2) Any transfer between an individual or individuals and a legal entity or between legal entities, such as a cotenancy to a partnership, a partnership to a corporation, or a trust to a cotenancy, that results solely in a change in the method of holding title to the real property and in which proportional ownership interests of the transferors and transferees, whether represented by stock, partnership interest, or otherwise, in each and every piece of real property transferred, remain the same after the transfer. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to transfers also excluded from change in ownership under the provisions of subdivision (b) of Section 64.

- snall be the adjusted base year value of the subject real property in the assessment year in which the excluded purchase or transfer took place, factored to the assessment year described in subparagraph (E) for both of the following:
- (i) Inflation as annually determined in accordance with paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 51.
- (ii) Any subsequent new construction occurring with respect to the subject real property.

Credits

```
(Added by Stats.1979, c. 242, p. 506, § 4, eff. July 10, 1979. Amended by Stats.1979, c. 1161, p. 4364, § 3, eff. Sept. 29, 1979; Stats.1980, c. 285, p. 575, § 2.6, eff. June 30, 1980, operative July 1, 1980; Stats.1980, c. 1081, p. 3444, § 2, eff. Sept. 26, 1980; Stats.1980, c. 1349, p. 4767, § 1.5; Stats.1981, c. 615, p. 2359, § 1, eff. Sept. 22, 1981; Stats.1981, c. 1141, p. 4518, § 2; Stats.1982, c. 911, p. 3345, § 1; Stats.1982, c. 1465, p. 5633, § 4.5; Stats.1984, c. 1010, § 1; Stats.1985, c. 186, § 4; Stats.1996, c. 388 (S.B.44), § 2; Stats.1996, c. 1087 (S.B.1827), § 9.5; Stats.2002, c. 775 (S.B.2092), § 1; Stats.2005, c. 416 (S.B.565), § 2, eff. Sept. 29, 2005; Stats.2006, c. 364 (A.B.3076), § 1.1; Stats.2007, c. 555 (S.B.559), § 2, eff. Oct. 12, 2007; Stats.2014, c. 71 (S.B.1304), § 159, eff. Jan. 1, 2015, Stats.2014, c. 134 (S.B.1464), § 1, eff. Jan. 1, 2015.)
```



SB-1464 Property taxation. (2013-2014)



Senate Bill No. 1464

CHAPTER 134

An act to amend Sections 62, 170, 201.7, and 439.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation.

[Approved by Governor July 16, 2014. Filed with Secretary of State July 16, 2014.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1464, Committee on Governance and Finance. Property taxation.

(1) The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975–76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred. Existing property tax law specifies those circumstances in which the transfer of ownership interests results in a change in ownership of the real property, and provides that certain transfers do not result in a change of ownership.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision and would update a cross-reference.



skip to content home LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION

accessibility FAQ feedback

P Quick Search:

Bill Number ▼

Home

Bill Information

California Law

Publications

Other Resources

My Subscriptions

My Favorites

Bill Information >> Bill Search >> Bill Analysis

Add To My Favorites PDF |

Version: 07/16/14 - Chaptered ▼ Go

SB-1464 Property taxation. (2013-2014)

Text **Bill Analysis** Today's Law As Amended ① Status Comments To Author Votes History Compare Versions

Bill Analysis

06/24/14- Assembly Revenue And Taxation

04/30/14- Senate Floor Analyses

04/21/14- Senate Governance And Finance

SENATE GOVERNANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE Senator Lois Wolk, Chair

BILL NO: SB 1464 HEARING: 4/24/14

AUTHOR: Committee on G&F FISCAL: No

VERSION: 3/13/14 TAX LEVY: No

CONSULTANT: Grinnell

PROPERTY TAXATION

Makes four technical, consensus changes to property tax law suggested by the State Board of Equalization.

Background and Proposed Law

Senate Bill 1464 contains four changes to property tax law suggested by the Board of Equalization (BOE):

I. Name Change. State law directs BOE to determine the interest rate on the capitalization rate that assessors use to value historic property using data published by the Federal Home Finance Board. However, the Federal Home Finance Board changed its name to the Federal Home Finance Agency, so SB 1464 updates the law to reflect the change.

State Revenue Impact

BOE states that the measure has no impact on property tax revenues.

Comment

<u>Purpose of the bill</u>. SB 1464 is this year's omnibus property tax law cleanup bill, and makes four technical, consensus changes intended to improve tax administration for taxpayers, assessors, and BOE. By combining four changes into one bill, there's no need for individual legislative bills for each change. The bill is a consensus project: should anyone object to any provision of the bill, it's removed.

Support and Opposition (4/21/14)

Support: State Board of Equalization.

Opposition: None Received.

QUESTIONS?